

# SPIRE Line Fitting using a script

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*On behalf of the SPIRE ICC*

- See SPIRE Data Reduction Guide
  - 6.2.6. Spectral Analysis**
- Advantage of SPIRE – fitting many lines together
- Considerations in SPIRE line fitting:
  - **Local Standard of Rest** correction is not applied by the pipeline

HIPE product metadata name	FITS header variable	Example value	Definition
velocityDefinition	VELDEF	'RADI-LSR'	The velocity definition and frame
radialVelocity	VFRAME	21.08429538498	Spacecraft velocity in units of [km s <sup>-1</sup> ] along the line of sight of the telescope wrt the local standard of rest

- **Unapodized** data contains the most spectral information – should be fitted with a Sinc function:

$$f(x;p) = p_0 \sin([x - p_1]/p_2) / ([x - p_1]/p_2)$$

- **Apodized** data can be fitted with a Gaussian

*(but can overestimate true flux by up to 5%)*

- Conversion from **wavenumber** to **frequency** can be done inside Hipe

*using a rounded value of c **does** make a difference!*

- In general the **line width** should be **fixed** (except for galaxies with partially resolved lines)

## SpireSpectrumFitterDemo.py

```

# SPIRE Line Fitting script example based on using the SpectrumExplorer
# SpectrumFitterGUI
#
# This script was created by running a single line fit by hand in the GUI,
# then using the option in the GUI to save the procedure as a script. It
# was then extended to include other lines read from a catalogue.
#
# OT1 DP Workshop at ESAC 16-18 March 2011
#
# Read in the point source spectrum product
# Either from a FITS file (the end result of the User Reprocessing Script)
# pointSourceSds = FitsReader('1242189124_spectrum_point_unepod.fits')
# Or read from the observation context pool
obs = getObservation(1342189124, poolName='spireSpec1342189124_MGC7027')
# Using the syntax from the Product Viewer
pointSourceSds = obs.wfa['level2'].product.wfa['HR_unapodized_spectrum'].product
# (or the simplified syntax!)
# pointSourceSds = obs.level2.getProduct("HR_unapodized_spectrum")

# Define some constants
from herschel.share.unit import Constant
k = Constant.K_BOLZMANN.value
c = Constant.SPEED_OF_LIGHT.value
sourceVelocity = 20.0*1e3

# Get the satellite radial velocity from the metadata
radialVelocity = pointSourceSds.meta['radialVelocity'].value

# Open a file for the line fit results
fitResults = open('C:\Users\atp87\Desktop\DPWorkshop\fit_results.dat','w')

# Read the line catalogue
name = StringIO()
lineFreqs = StringIO()
file = open('C:\Users\atp87\Desktop\DPWorkshop\spirelines.dat','r')
for line in file.readlines():
    if line[0] != "#":
        name.append(line.split()[0])
        lineFreqs.append(float(line.split()[1]))
file.close()

pl=PlotXY()

# Loop over the two central detectors
for detector in ["BLW3", "BRW4"]:
    spireSpectrumId = pointSourceSds['0000'][detector].copy()
    # convert the wavenumber to GHz
    GHzSpectrum = convertWavenumber(ds=spireSpectrumId, to="GHz")
    # correct to LSR using satellite radial velocity
    GHzSpectrum['frequency'].data = GHzSpectrum['frequency'].data*(1.-radialVelocity/c)
    # Plot the spectrum
    pl.addLayer(LayerXY(GHzSpectrum['frequency'].data, GHzSpectrum['flux'].data, color=java.awt.Color.BLUE))

    # Initialize the Fitter
    sf = SpectrumFitter(GHzSpectrum, 0, 1, False)
    # Specify fit engine (1 = LevenbergMarquardt, 2 = Amos, 3 = Linear, 4 = MP, 5 = Conjugated Gradient).
    sf.useFitter(1)
    # Add the models. First, polynomial for continuum (initial guess)
    M1 = sf.addModel('poly', [3,0], [514.0577074148017,-1.3697323948473303,0.002781730567420267,-2.89232705797945562-1])

    # Correct the catalogue frequencies for the source velocity (for initial guess)
    lineFreqsCore = lineFreqs*(1.-sourceVelocity/c)
    # Select only lines within the band and add a model for each
    sel = lineFreqsCore.where((lineFreqsCore.get(MIN(GHzSpectrum['frequency'].data)).and((lineFreqsCore.lt(MAX(GHzSpectrum['frequency'].data))))))
    for idx in sel.toIntId():
        line = lineFreqsCore[idx]
        M1 = sf.addModel('sine', [10,0, line, (100*c*0.04)/(Math.PI*1e9)]*kidx)
        # Fix the width of the line to the resolution
        M1.setFixed('intId(2)')*kidx)
        # Plot the rest frequencies (not shifted by source velocity)
        pl.addLayer(LayerXY(DoubleId(lineFreqs[idx],lineFreqs[idx]),DoubleId(10,200)))
        pl.addAnnotation(Annotation(lineFreqs[idx], -50, name[idx], angle=90))

    # Do the fit, calculate the residual
    sf.doGlobalFit()
    sf.residual()
    tm = sf.getTotalModel()

    # Plot the total model, and residual
    pl.addLayer(LayerXY(GHzSpectrum['frequency'].data, tm, color=java.awt.Color.RED))
    pl.addLayer(LayerXY(GHzSpectrum['frequency'].data, GHzSpectrum['flux'].data*tm, color=java.awt.Color.GREEN))

    # calculate line fluxes from the fit parameters
    for idx in sel.toIntId():
        # line area in Jy-m
        area = 1e-29*M1.getFittedParameters()[0]*Math.PI*1e9*M1.getFittedParameters()[2]**kidx)
        M1.getFittedParameters(), area*kidx)
        M1.getFittedParameters()[1], area*kidx)
        M1.getFittedParameters()[1], area*kidx)
        M1.getFittedParameters()[1], area*kidx)

pl.setTitle("Frequency (GHz)")
pl.setYTitle("Flux Density (Jy)")

fitResults.close()

```

Read in the level-2 point source spectrum

Constants are already defined inside the system (but require importing an extra package)

Read in a file containing line frequencies

(line by line – could also have used asciiTableReader task!)

Loop over the two central detectors

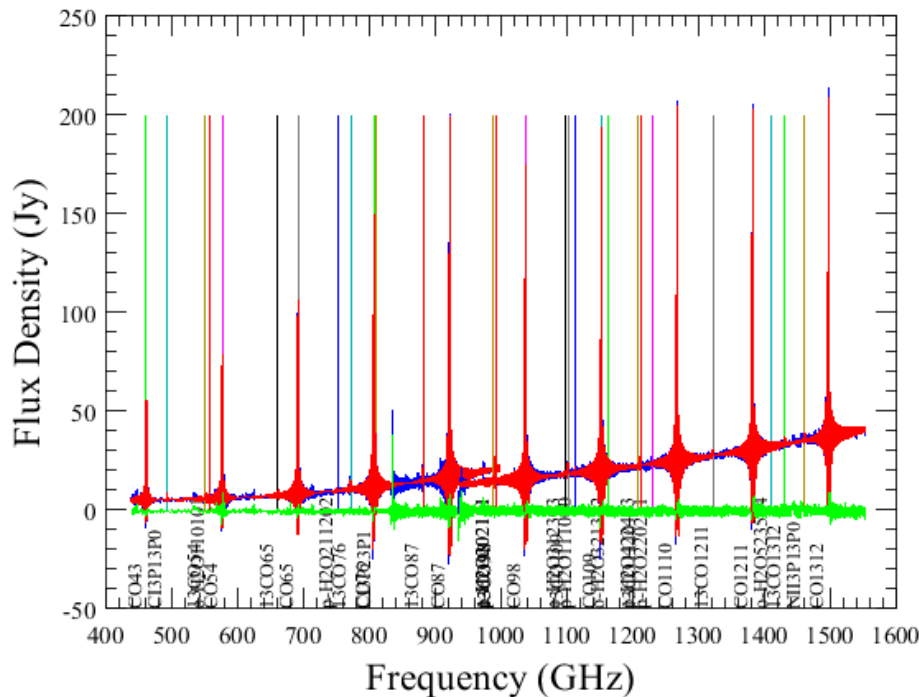
- Convert **wavenumber** to **frequency**
- Convert to **LSR** using satellite velocity
- Set up the **“models”** to be fitted (from the line catalogue)
- Width is **fixed** to instrument resolution
- Position & height are **free** (with catalogue position as initial guess)

Calculate the integrated line flux from the fitted parameters:

$$I = \int f(x;p) = 10^{-26} p_0 \pi p_2$$

# Result of running the script for NGC7027:

Plot of data, fit & residual with lines marked



Text file containing line name, rest freq, fitted freq & integrated flux

```

emacs@SSTDLETP
File Edit Options Buffers Tools Help
CI3P13P0 492.161 491.99491209897724 4.3257603938655746E-17
CO43 461.041 460.99752299769864 6.102394889965801E-16
13CO54 550.926 550.7495240681887 4.367766445955198E-17
o-H2O110101 556.936 556.868648654039 1.7443826809886026E-17
CO54 576.268 576.2846275266446 8.799981932854693E-16
13CO65 661.067 661.0954174663423 4.7773813612798774E-17
CO65 691.473 691.4112915588944 1.1851471814264613E-15
p-H2O211202 752.033 751.1564599745309 8.382138537692064E-18
13CO76 771.184 771.0642449917533 7.250439315410417E-17
CO76 806.652 806.6044751438731 1.6917265917148065E-15
CI3P23P1 809.342 809.1308114264003 1.3171178967766926E-16
13CO87 881.273 881.2387469061148 8.4104695458921E-17
CO87 921.8 921.7249328740388 2.225383818517116E-15
p-H2O202111 987.927 987.0643903719049 1.237071130900598E-17
13CO98 991.329 991.314366661258 9.050987931625233E-17
p-H2O202111 987.927 987.1175181212849 2.2305029737315664E-17
13CO98 991.329 991.244083578513 8.53440988572154E-17
CO98 1036.912 1036.8415895973876 1.9593248269541595E-15
o-H2O312303 1097.365 1096.7641969341844 1.037783087898636E-17
13CO109 1101.35 1101.3113971979838 6.67174814523376E-17
p-H2O111000 1113.343 1113.294334000571 3.143223522605792E-17
CO109 1151.985 1151.8865645897765 2.107050927304347E-15
o-H2O321312 1162.912 1163.5857515808027 8.31712116984742E-18
p-H2O422413 1207.639 1210.6265365674228 -3.9346767266384375E-17
13CO110 1211.33 1211.0867392501557 8.447698341801418E-17
p-H2O220211 1228.789 1228.917841304385 3.3711087368569504E-17
CO110 1267.014 1266.9249558988975 2.170848988287318E-15
13CO1211 1321.265 1321.2899330252326 3.463134661384508E-17
CO1211 1381.995 1381.8995504349425 2.124598797621145E-15
o-H2O523514 1410.618 1409.7313033253376 -4.522704928162886E-18
13CO1312 1431.153 1430.9431185667725 3.460430004269E-17
NI13P13P0 1461.13 1461.0534004240335 5.86656954676076E-17
CO1312 1496.923 1496.8474775132534 2.0697764388681177E-15

--\-- fit results.dat (Fundamental) --L1--All--
    
```

- Line fitting code being developed in **IDL** at **University of Lethbridge** (for SPIRE and JCMT FTS2)
- Iterative line fitter in IDL developed at **Cardiff University**