

SEDs of Luminous Infrared Galaxies:

Herschel-GOALS: PACS and SPIRE imaging of the complete sample of local (U)LIRGs

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The Universe Explored by Herschel – 18 October, 2013 ESA/ESTEC, Noordwijk

Outline

1. The GOALS Sample

2. The Multi-wavelength (U)LIRG Atlas

3. Herschel PACS+SPIRE photometry

4. GOALS FIR SEDs (T_{dust} , M_{dust} ,)

5. Comparison with high-redshift (U)LIRGs

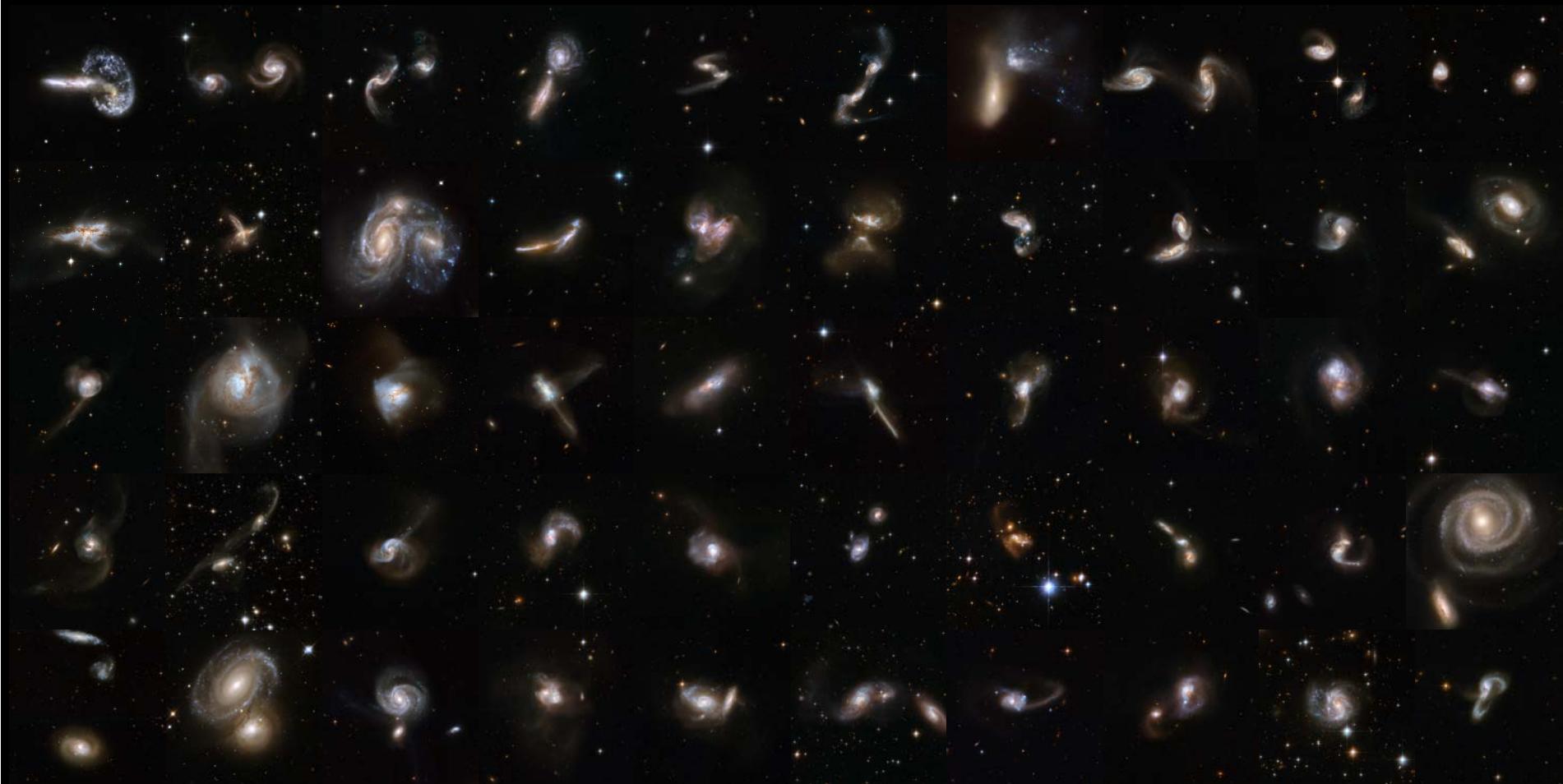
P12 Diaz-Santos et al.

P28 Lu et al.

P26 Lee et al.

P23 Kartaltepe et al.

GOALS: The Great Observatories All-Sky LIRGs Survey (see Armus+09)



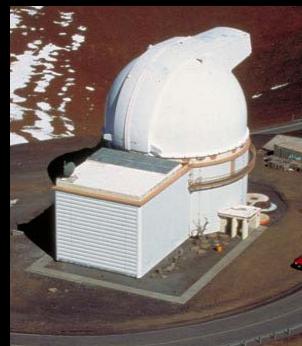
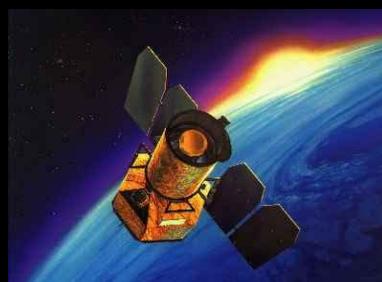
HST-ACS images of GOALS (U)LIRGs PI: Aaron Evans / Hubble Heritage Release

The Multi-wavelength GOALS Atlas

- ❑ Compilation of a complete, consistent photometry
- ❑ Determine global physical properties of galaxies
- ❑ Multi-wavelength SFR and AGN indicators
- ❑ Create benchmark for local (U)LIRGs to compare with high-z studies of (U)LIRGs

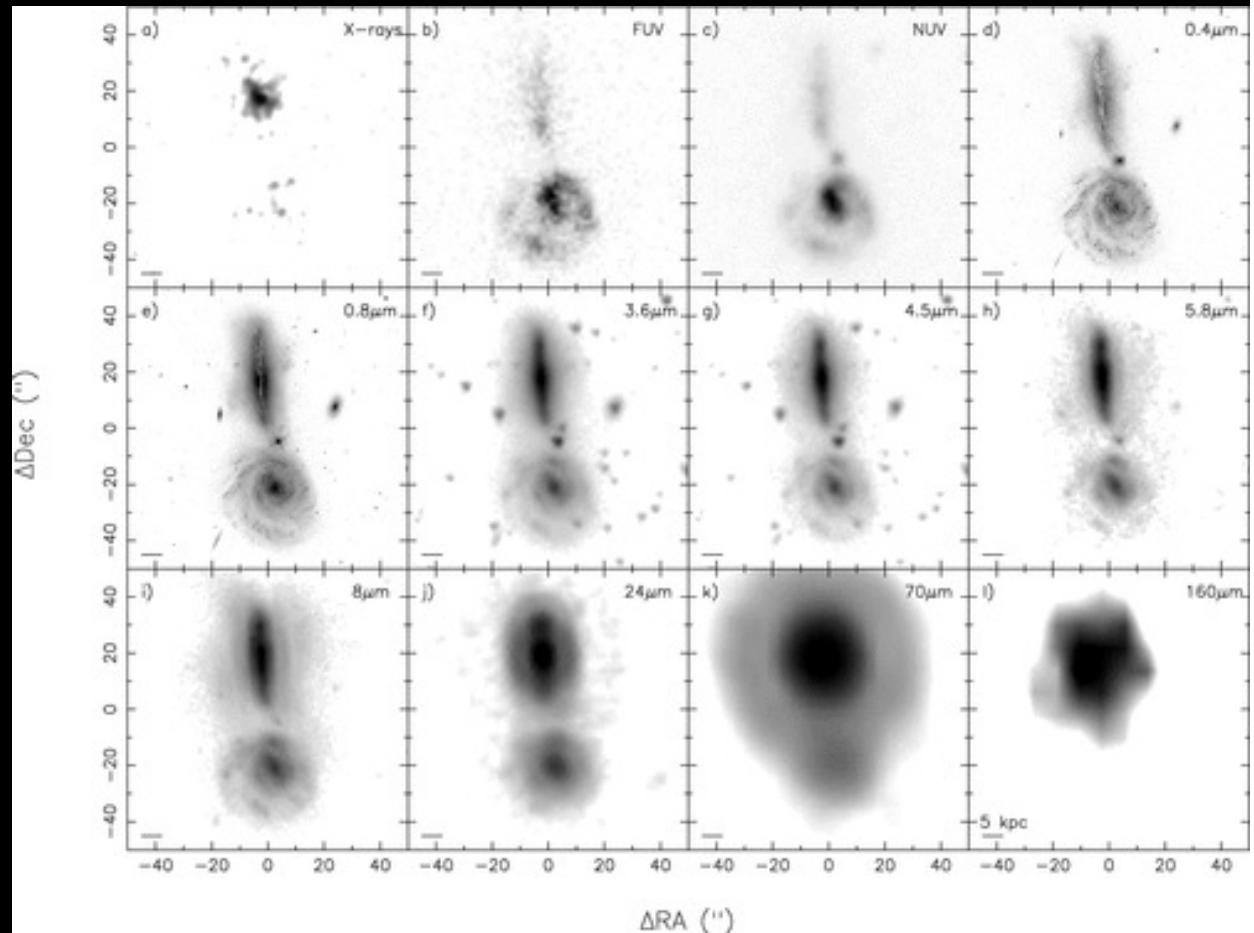
GOALS: X-ray to Radio SEDs

- **203 objects:** $L_{\text{IR}} > 10^{11.0} L_{\odot}$, (selected from the IRAS Revised Galaxy Survey, all sky, $S_{60} > 5.24 \text{ Jy}$ – Sanders+03)
- **35-50 bands:** from hard X-rays to 1.49 GHz



Mask Photometry

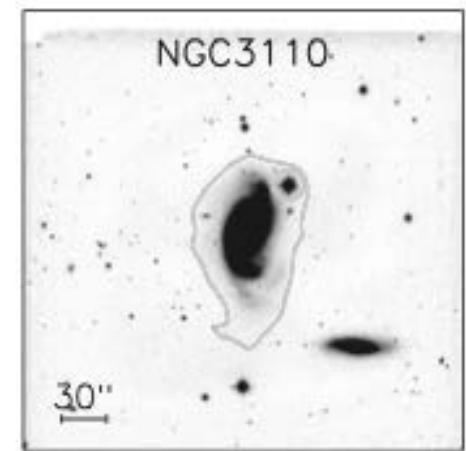
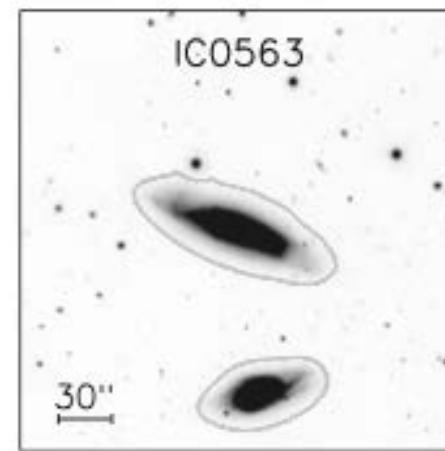
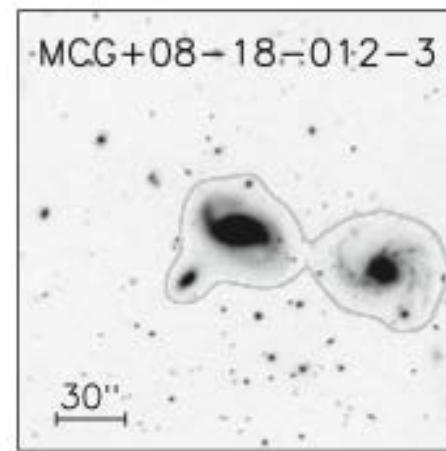
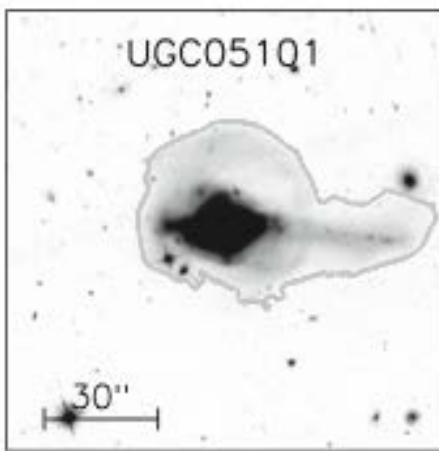
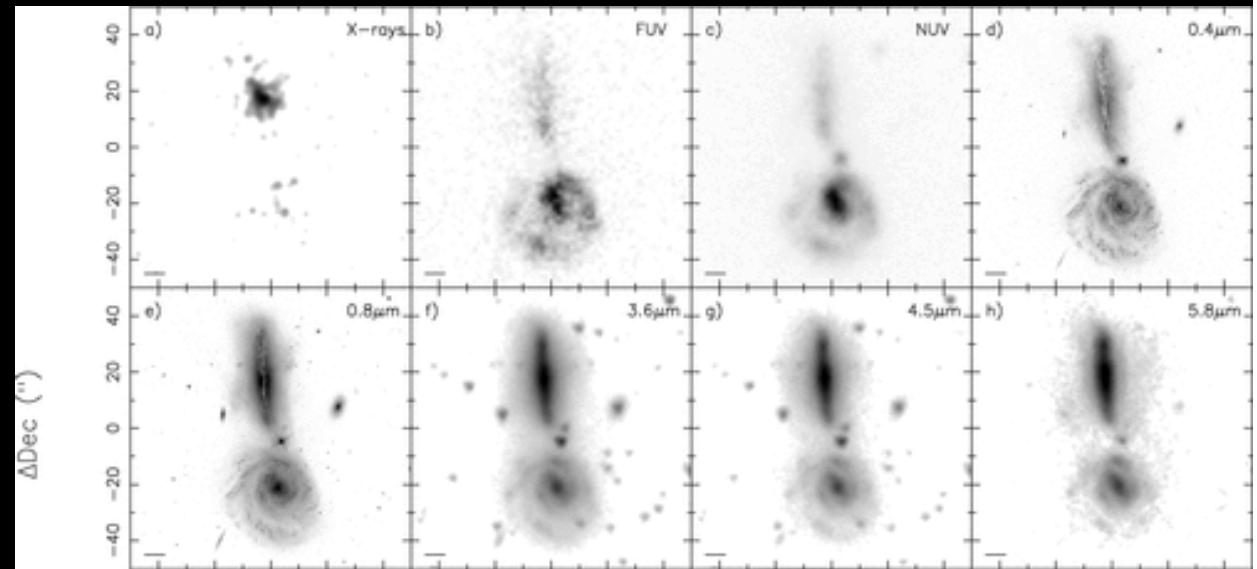
- Define masks for uniform “aperture”



Arp 302 (Armus+ 2009, PASP, 121, 559)

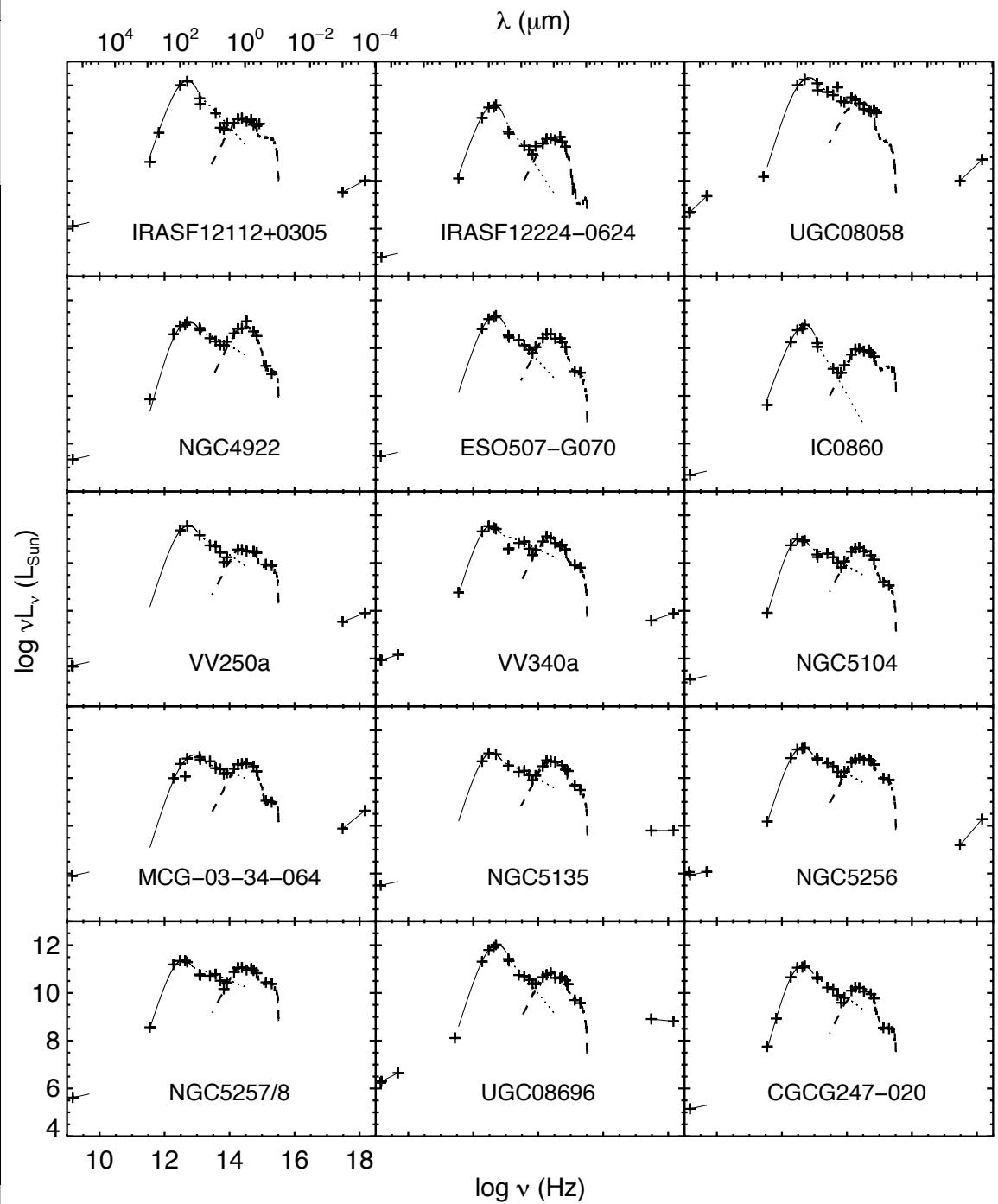
Mask Photometry

- Define masks for uniform “aperture”



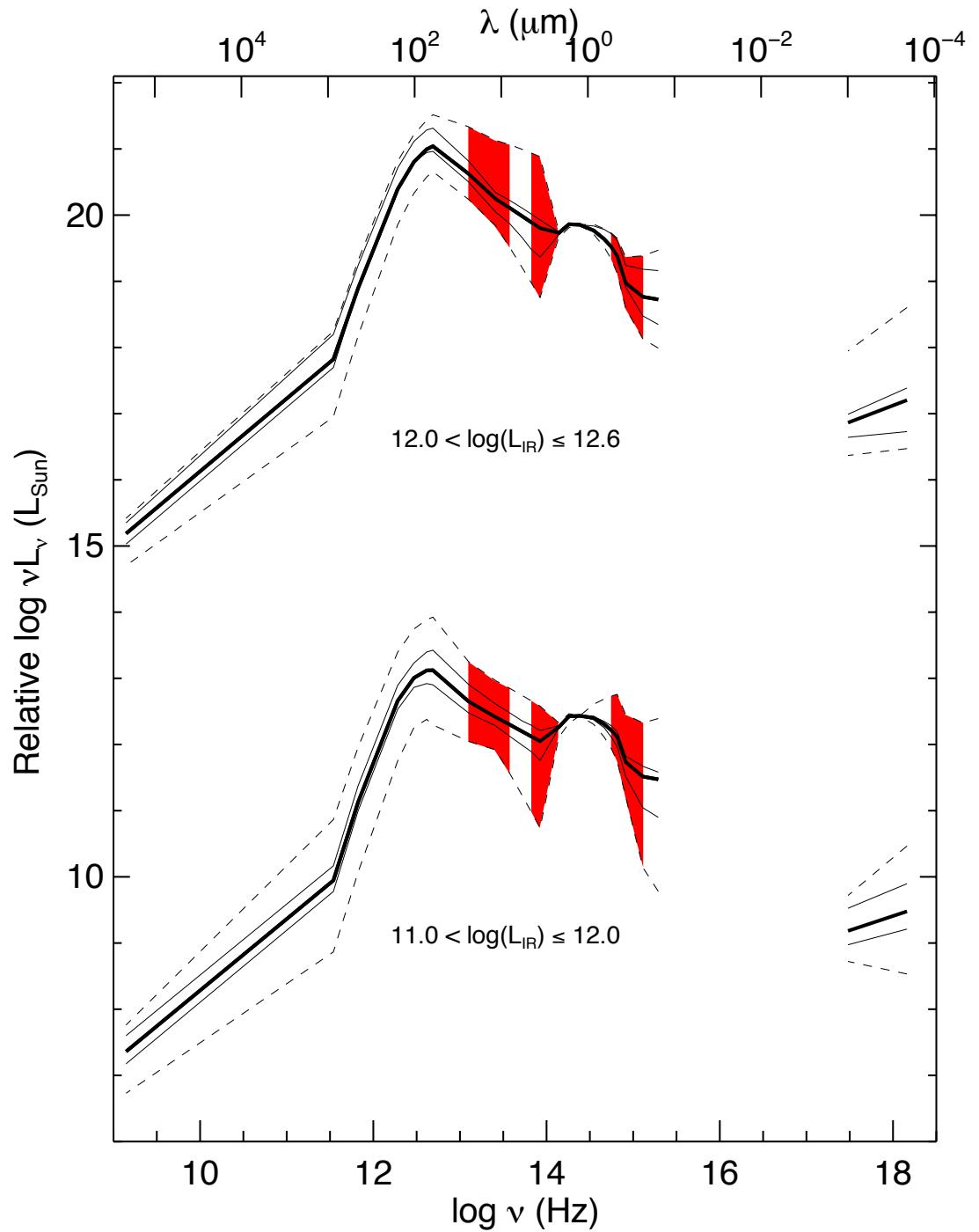
SED Sample

■ 11 ULIRGs +
56 LIRGs
(Vivian U+12)

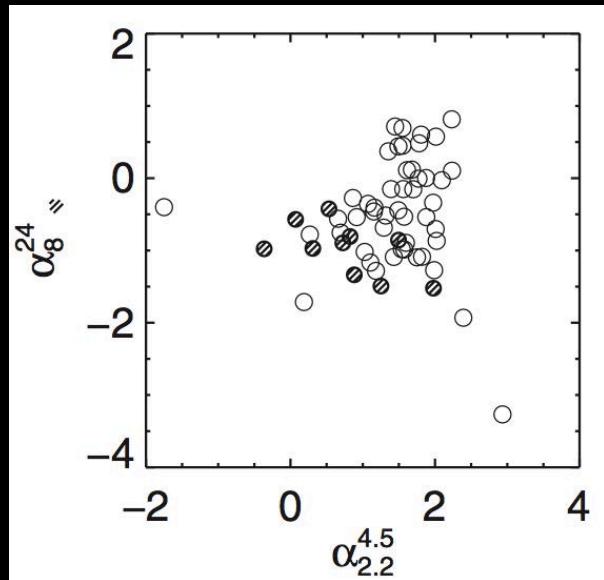


SED Variations

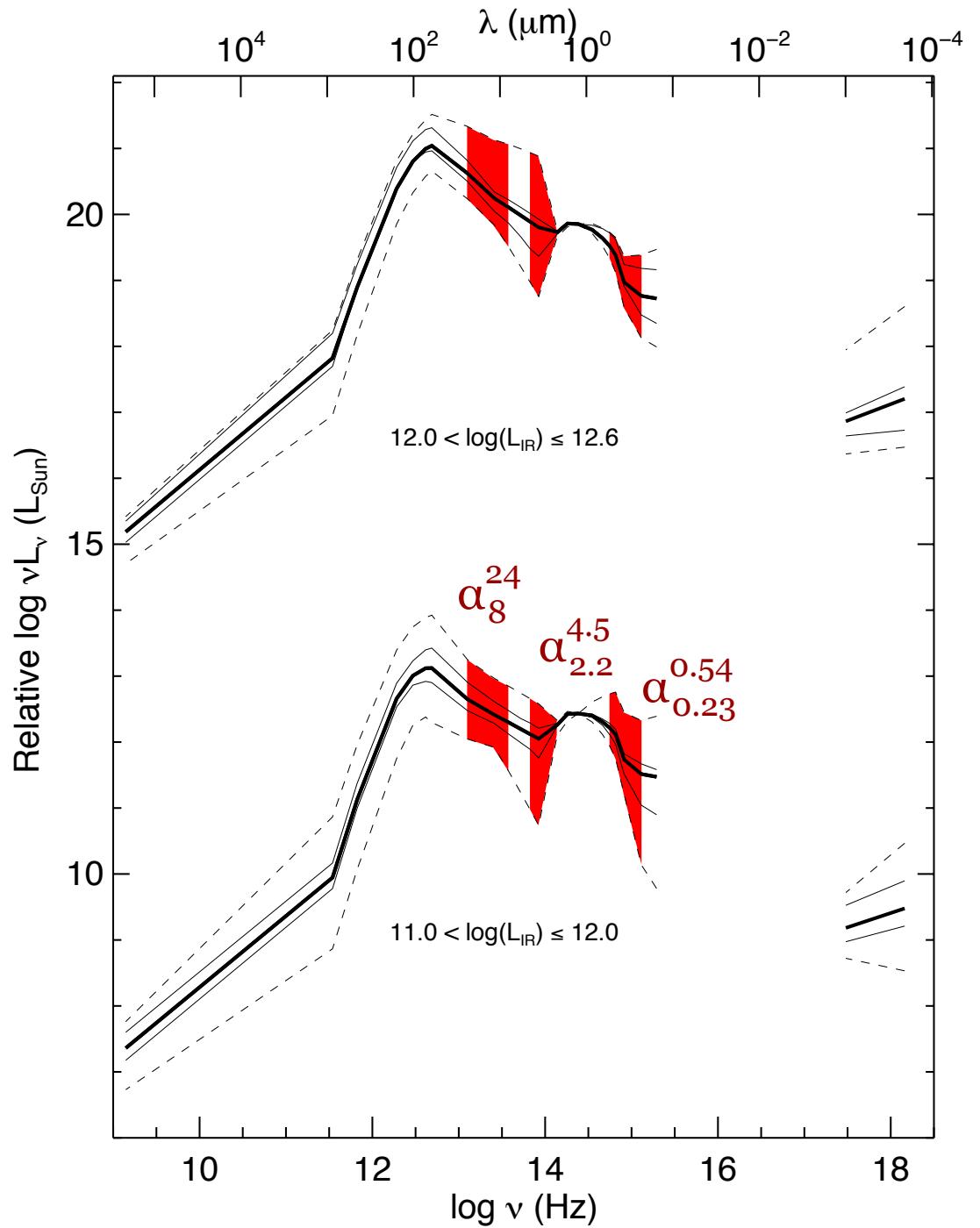
- 11 ULIRGs + 56 LIRGs
- e.g. Stellar-to-dust ratio: 1.2 dex for ULIRGs and 0.7 dex for LIRGs
- (Vivian U+12)



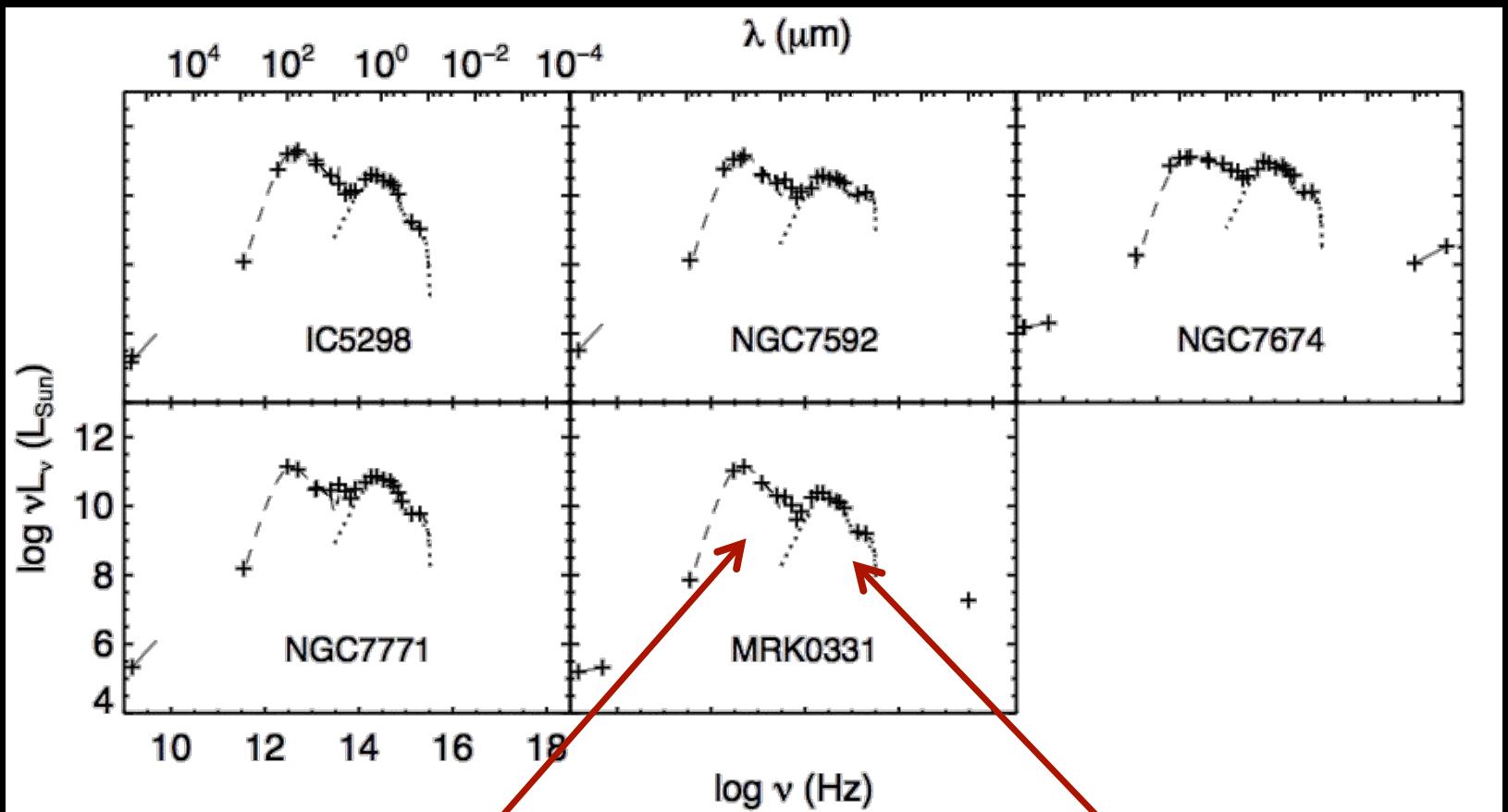
Spectral Indices



- ULIRGs: deeper trough at $\lambda \sim 4\text{-}8\mu\text{m}$, due to greater silicate dust absorption (U+12)



Fitting SEDs

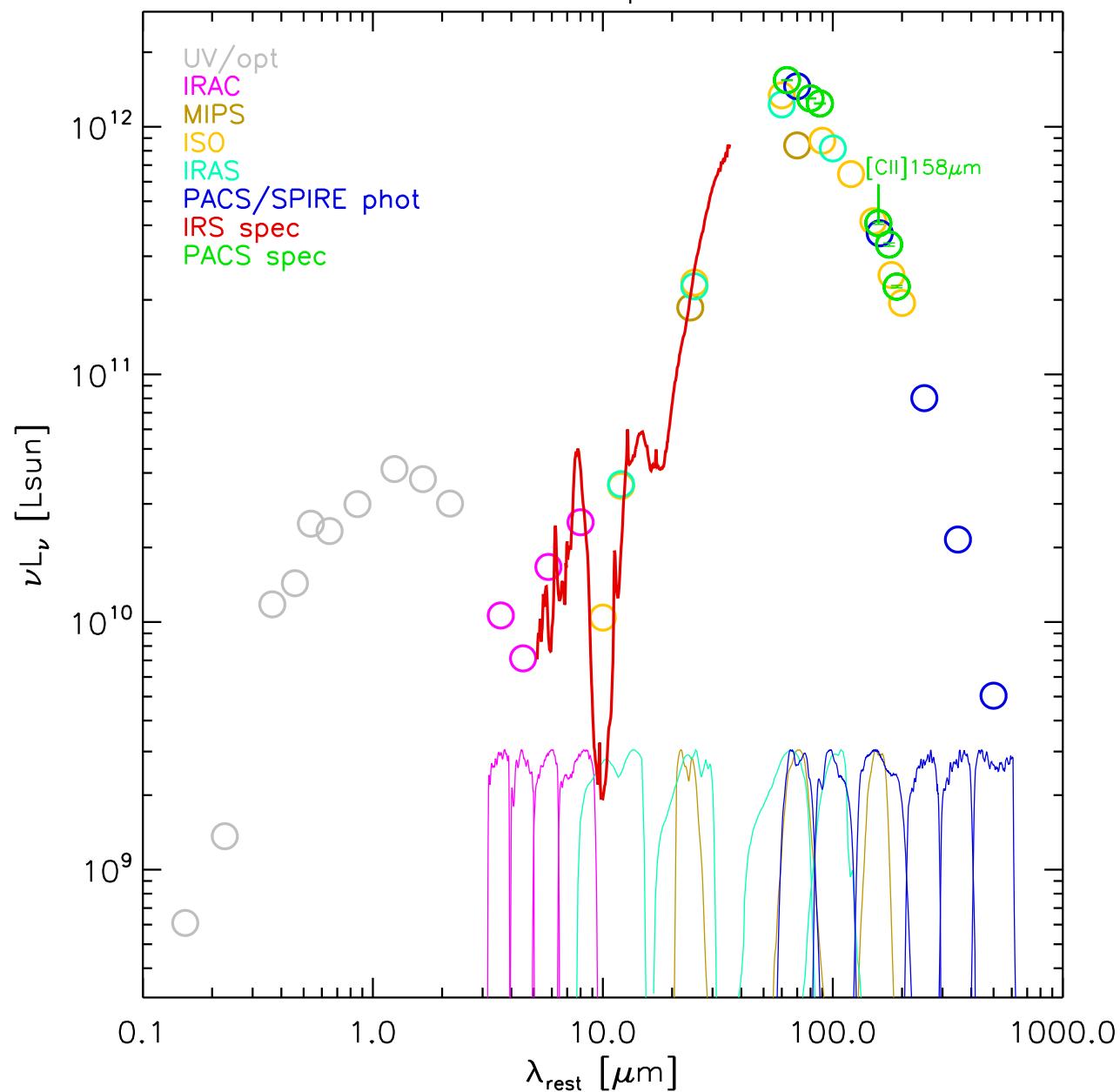


Modified blackbody
(L_{IR} , T_{dust} , M_{dust})

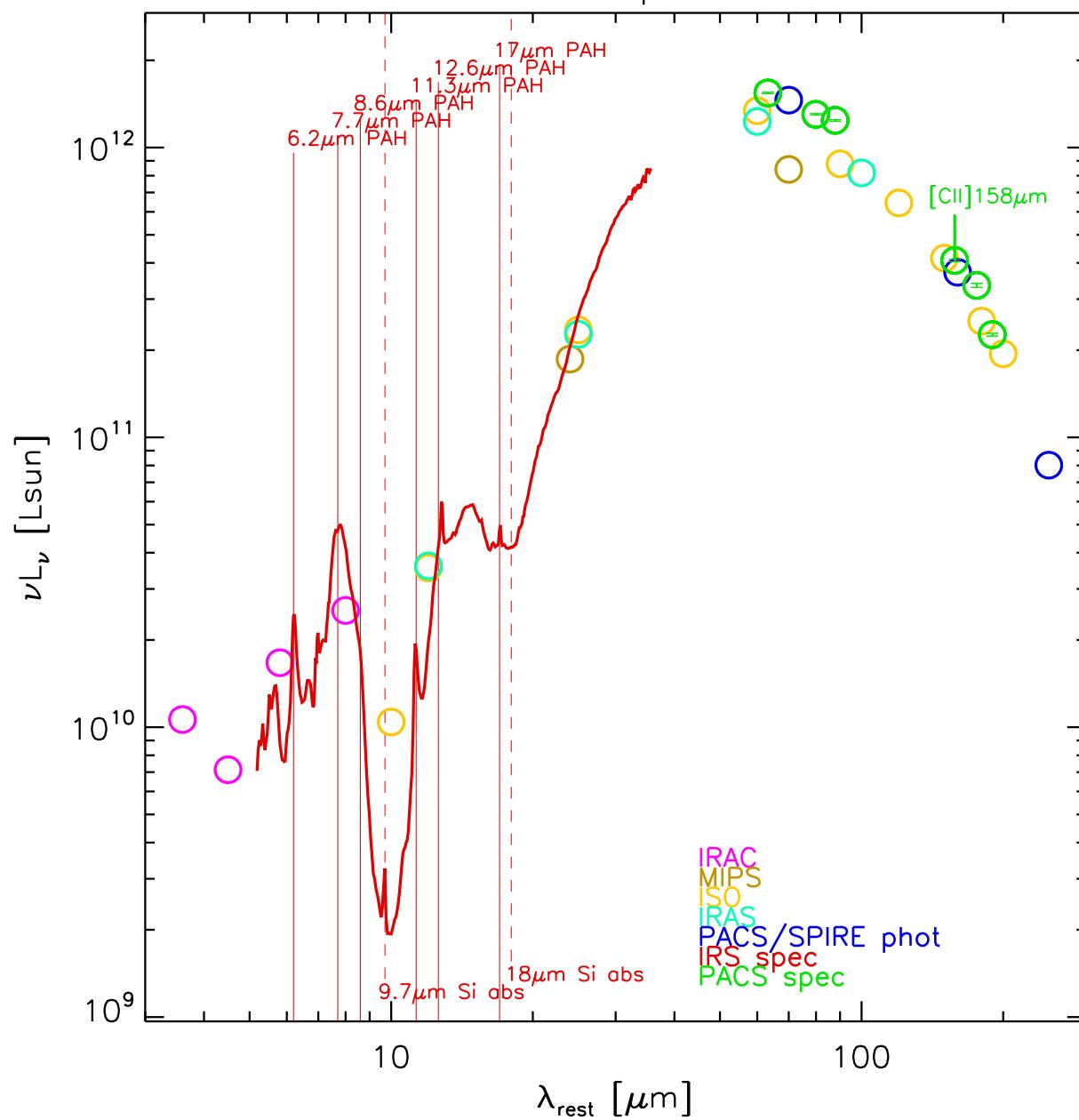
BCo3 with Chabrier IMF
(M_\star)

Herschel photometry

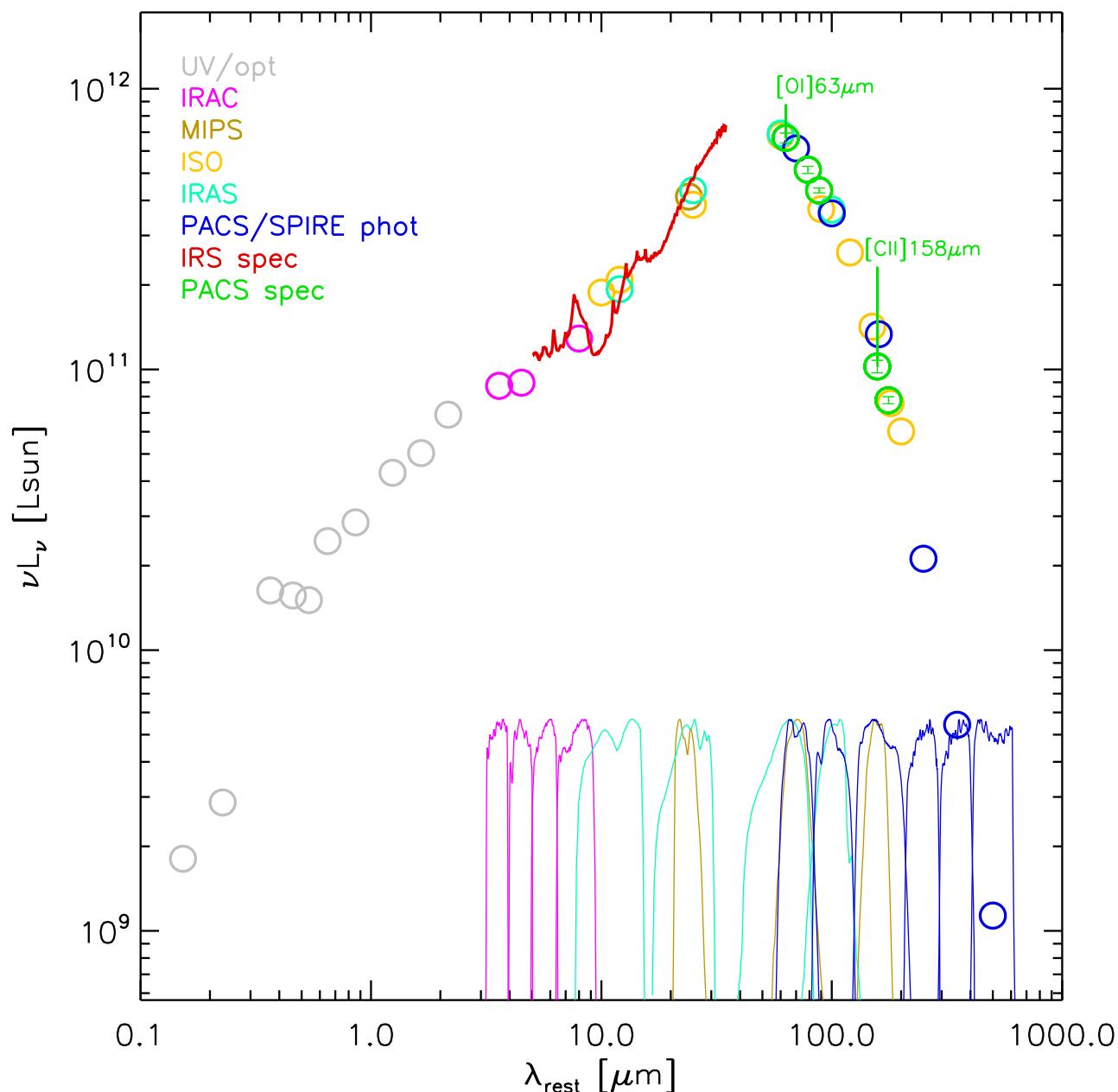
163: Arp220



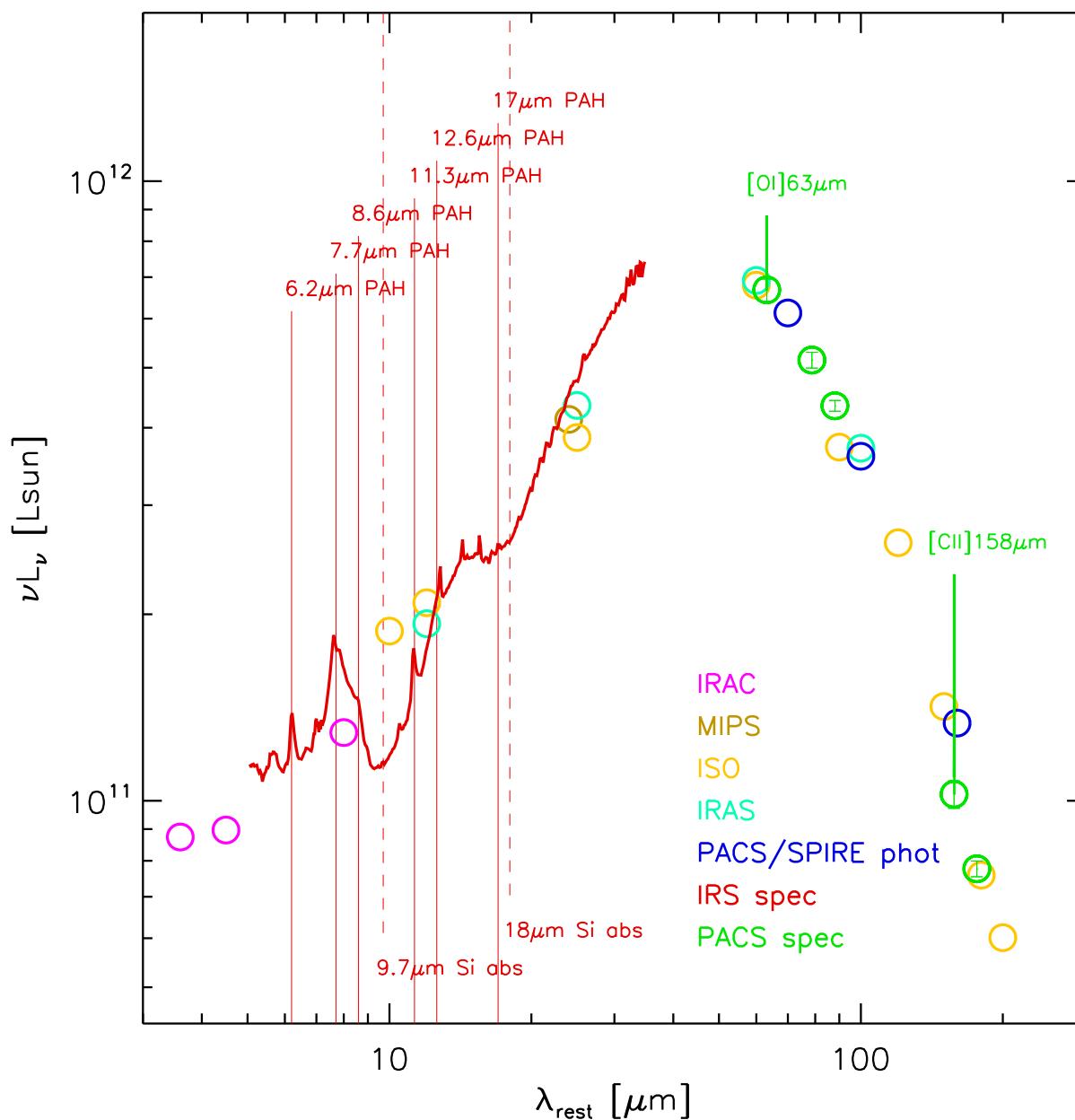
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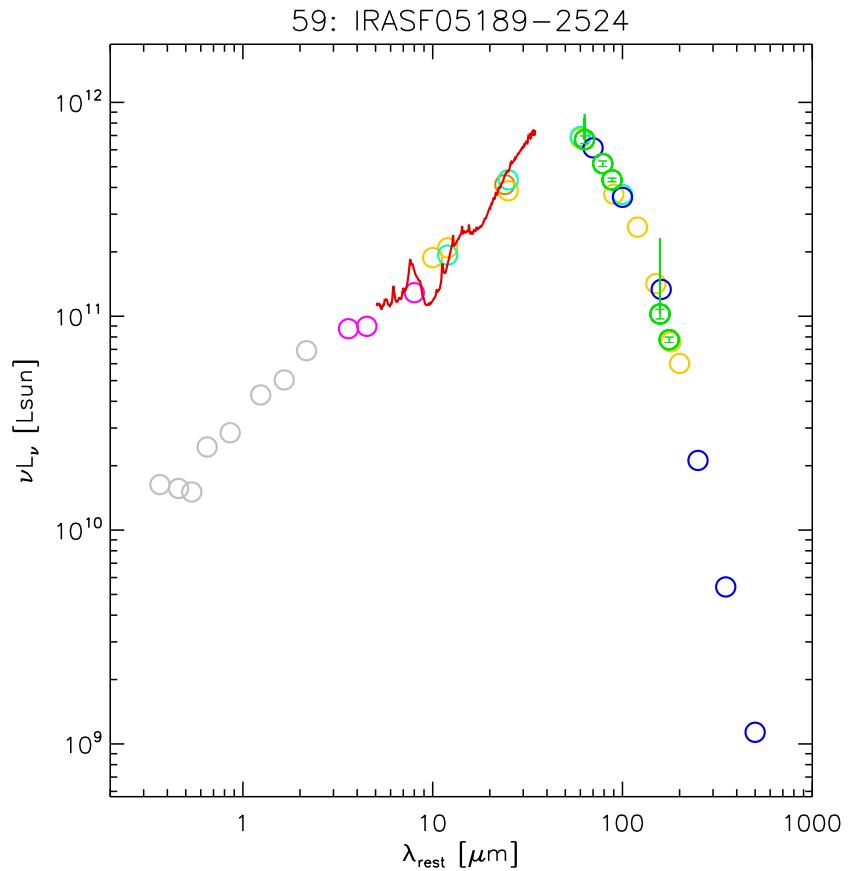


59: IRASF05189–2524

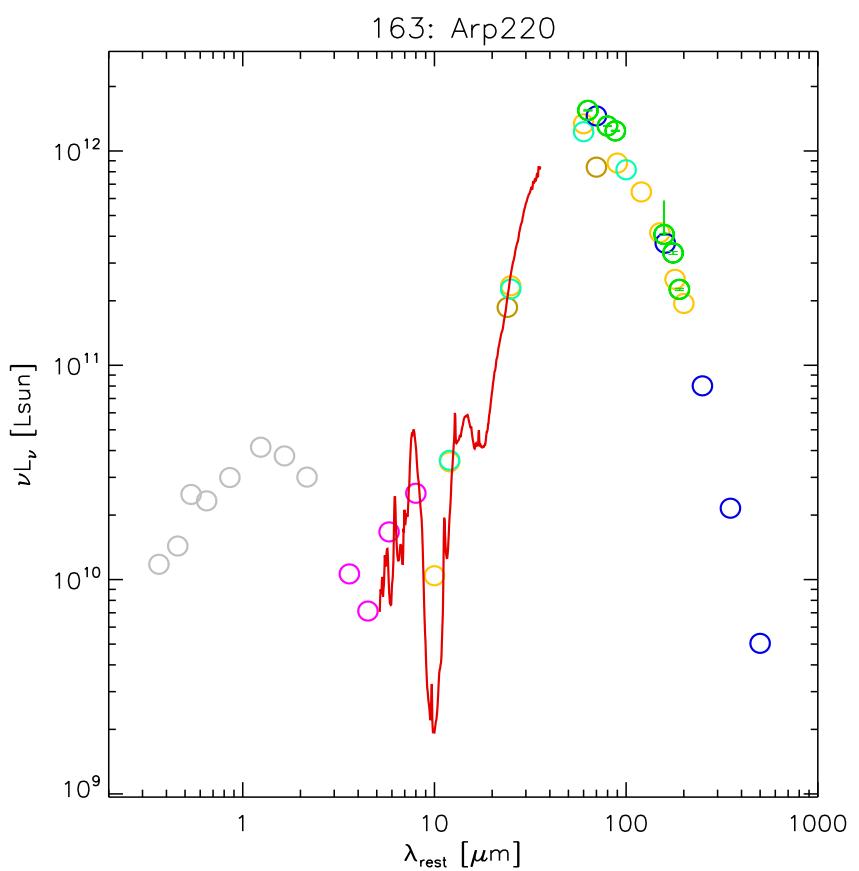


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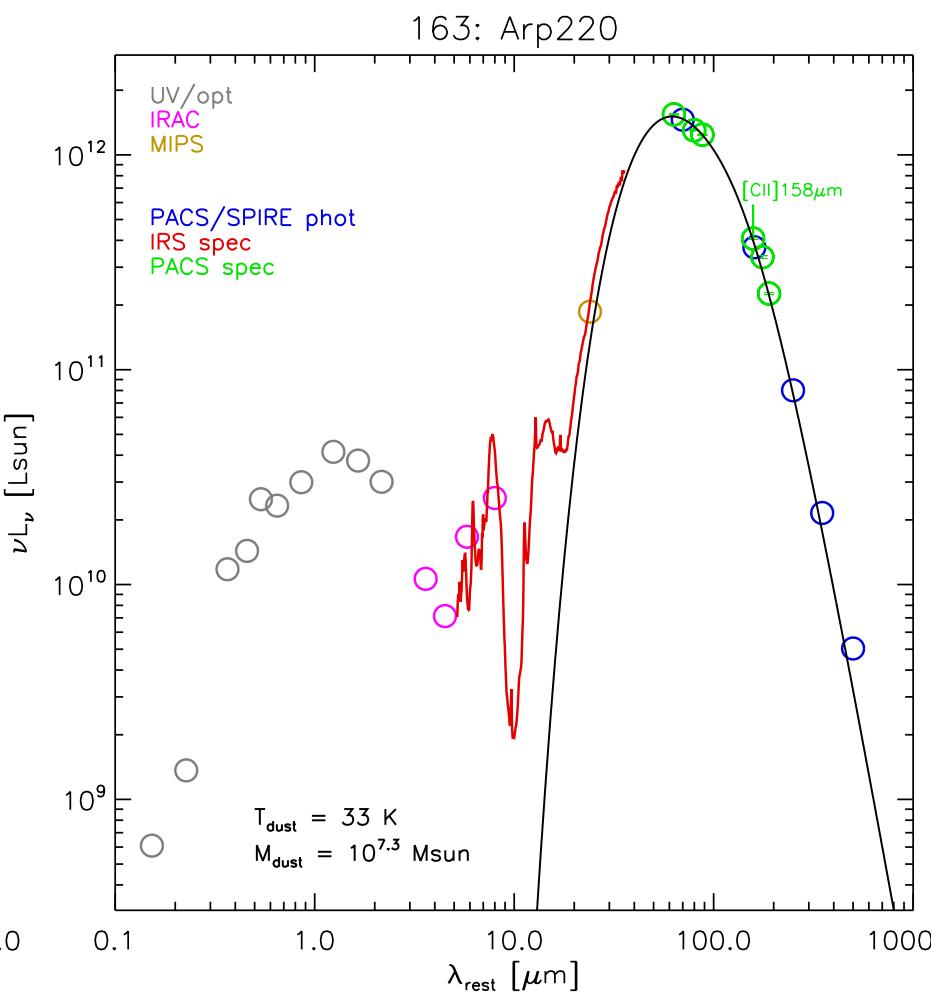
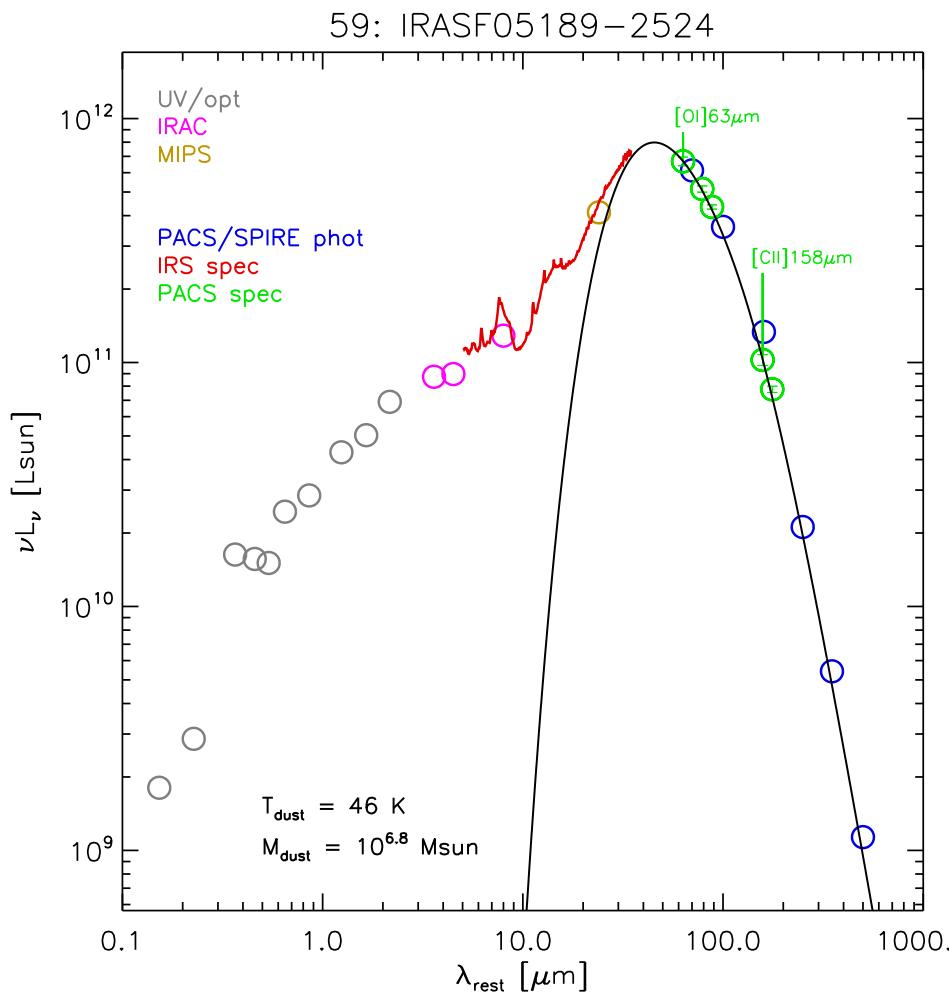


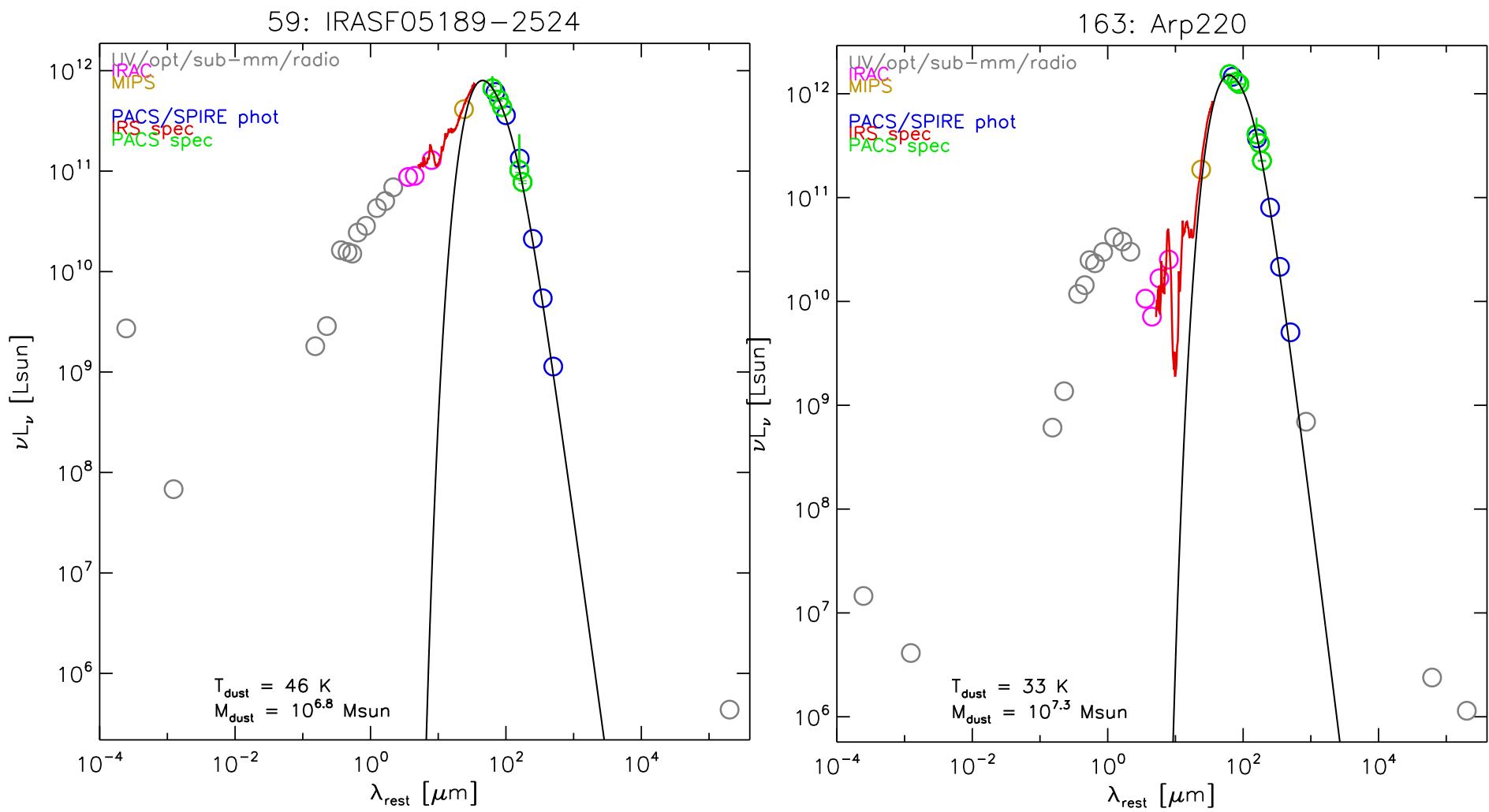


“warm” ULIRG $L_{\text{IR}} = 10^{12.18} L_\odot$

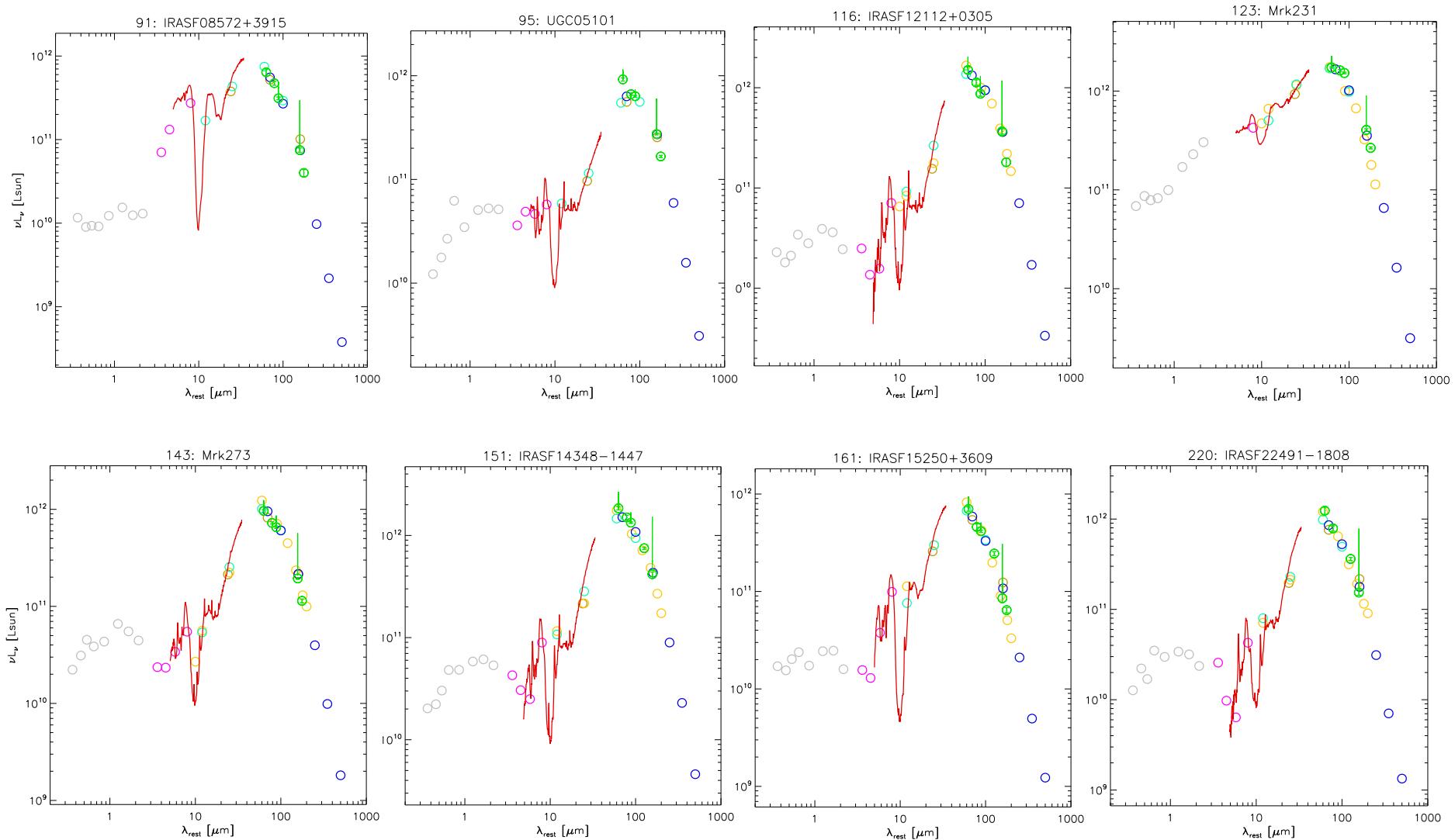


“cool” ULIRG $L_{\text{IR}} = 10^{12.21} L_\odot$





SEDs for GOALS ULIRGs <- new Herschel data



Dust Properties

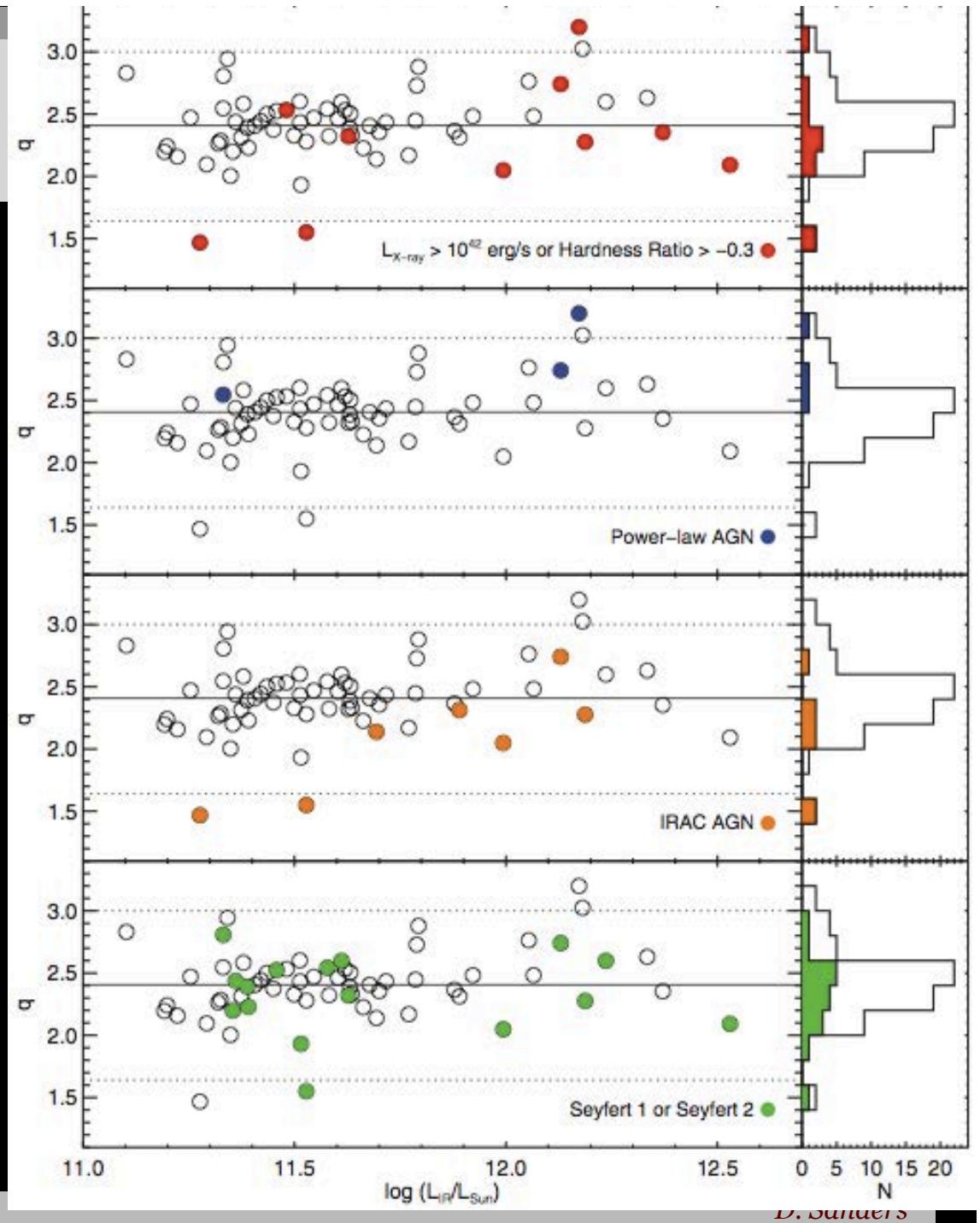
- Dust temperature: $\langle T_{\text{dust}} \rangle = 40.4 \text{ K}$ (ULIRGs),
 32.5 K (LIRGs)
 - ~3-8 K cooler than from Perault (1987), which often adopted a peak shortward of the true peak
 - Need Herschel PACS+SPIRE data points to constrain real peaks !
- Dust masses: $\langle M_{\text{dust}} \rangle = 10^{7.2} M_{\odot}$ (ULIRGs), $10^{7.4} M_{\odot}$ (LIRGs)
 - Computed from dust fit to Herschel data using Casey+11)
 - Adopted dust absorption coefficient of $K_{850} = 0.15 \text{ m}^2 \text{ kg}^{-1}$

AGN Indicators

- Radio-infrared flux ratio criteria - radio-excess: $q < 1.64$ (Yun+ 01, Condon+ 91)
- **X-ray AGN** – Hardness Ratio $HR > -0.3$, $L_{\text{HX}} > 10^{42} \text{ erg/s}$ (Iwasawa+ 11b; Ptak+ 03)
- **Power-law AGN** – $\log(vL_{4.5}) - \log(vL_{2.2}) > 0$ (Alonso-Herrero+ 06, Donley+ 07)
- **IRAC-color cuts** (e.g. Donley+ 12)
- **Optical emission line diagnostics** (Veilleux+ 99)

AGN Indicators

- 60% of the ULIRGs + 25% of the LIRGs show AGN signatures
- Fraction of AGN hosts increases with L_{IR} (e.g. MIR slope, L_{HX})



Summary of Local (U)LIRGs

- ❑ Compilation of a complete, consistent photometry atlas
- ❑ Determine global physical properties
 - ❑ e.g. $\langle M_{\star} \rangle = 10^{10.79} M_{\odot}$, $\langle T_{\text{dust}} \rangle = 33 \text{ K}$, $\langle M_{\text{dust}} \rangle = 10^{7.3} M_{\odot}$
- ❑ Multiwavelength AGN indicators
 - ❑ AGN hosts: 60% of the ULIRGs, 25% of the LIRGs
- ❑ Create benchmark for local (U)LIRGs to compare to high-z studies

...what happens at high redshifts?

Cosmic Evolution Survey



c o s m o s

IR SEDs and Morphologies of Herschel Selected Galaxies at $0.3 < z < 3$ in the COSMOS Field

P26.

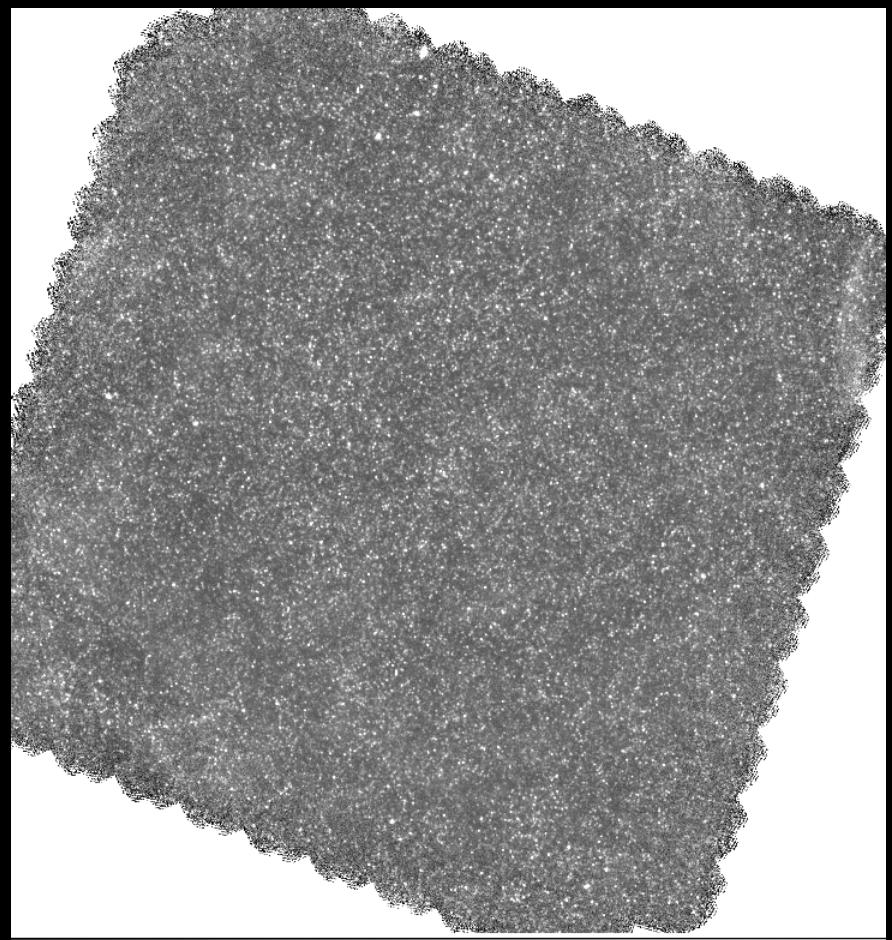
Nicholas Lee

Institute for Astronomy, Hawaii

With D. Sanders, C. Casey, C-L. Hung, Y. Li

COSMOS - A Wealth of Multi-Wavelength Data

- Using 24 um priors, extract Herschel sources with XID method (Roseboom+2010)
- Can match to the wealth of data available in COSMOS - optical & infrared photometry, stellar masses, photo-z's, etc.
- The Herschel PACS and SPIRE data allow us to directly measure the peak of infrared luminosity at restframe $\lambda \sim 100 \mu\text{m}$



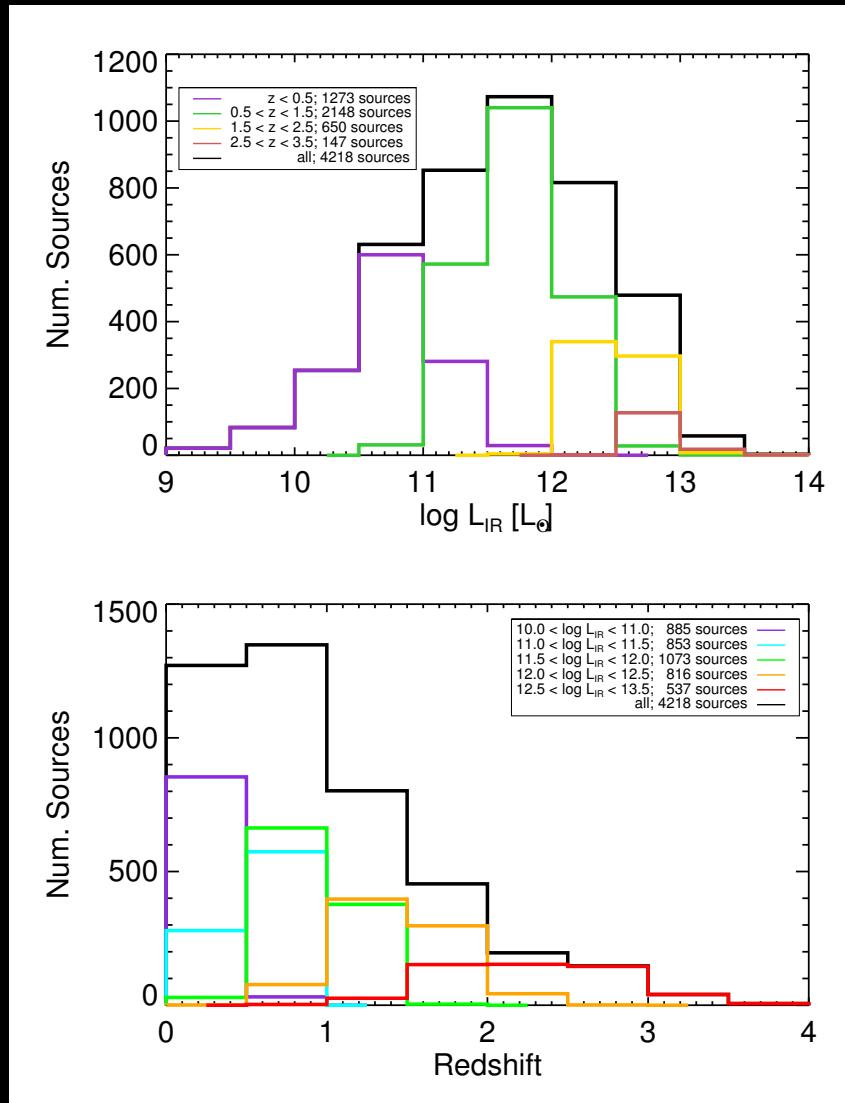
Infrared Luminosities

- Far-IR SEDs fit to a coupled greybody & powerlaw (see Casey, 2012)

$$S(\lambda) = N_{\text{bb}} \frac{(1 - e^{-(\frac{\lambda_0}{\lambda})^\beta})(\frac{c}{\lambda})^3}{e^{hc/\lambda kT} - 1} + N_{\text{pl}} \lambda^\alpha e^{-(\frac{\lambda}{\lambda_c})^2}$$

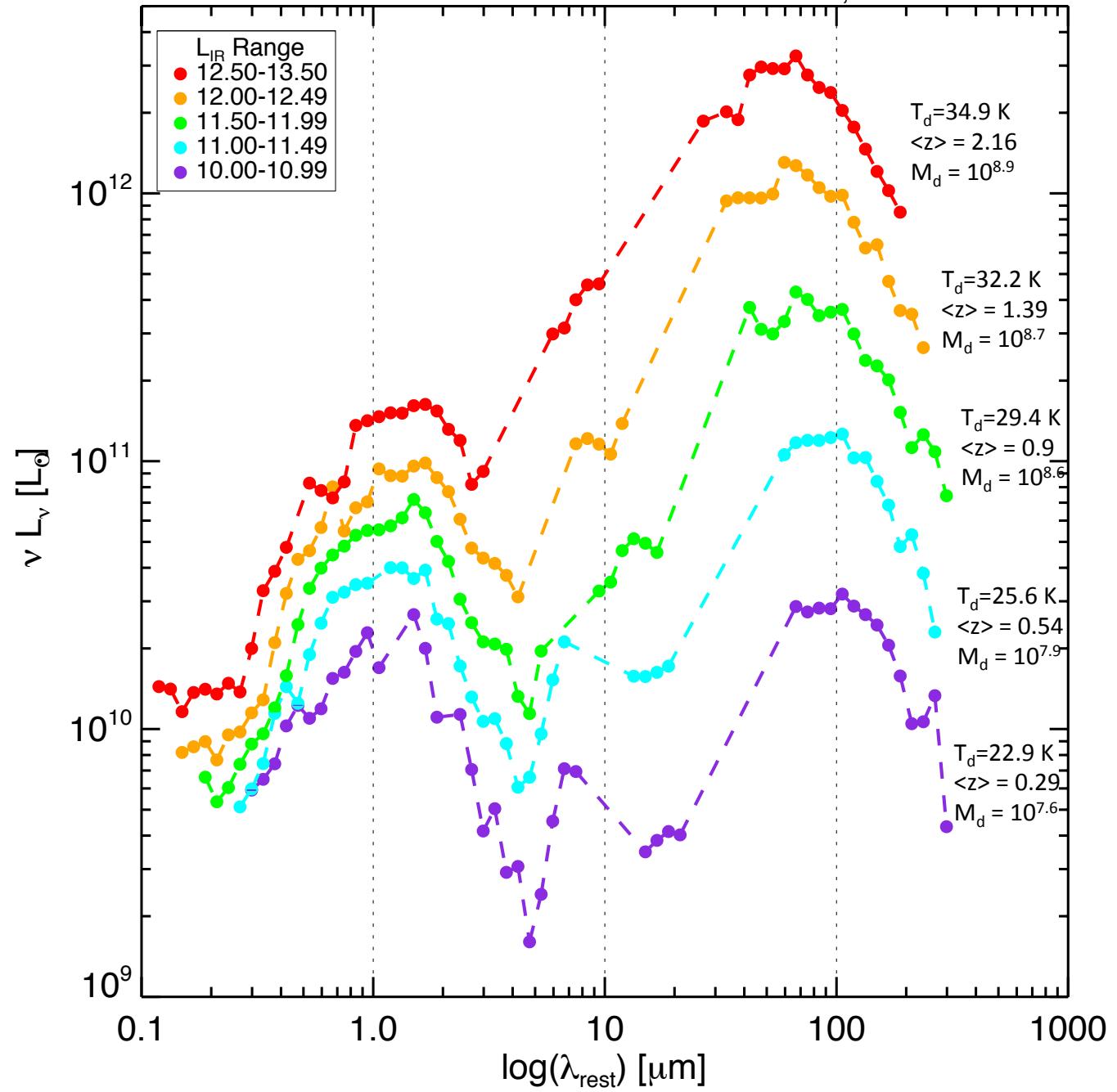
- Determine dust temperature (T_{d}), IR luminosity ($L_{\text{IR}} = L(8\text{-}1000 \mu\text{m})$), and dust mass (M_{dust})
- Free parameters: β , α , N_{bb} , T_{dust}
- Does not fit PAH features, but PAH contribution to L_{IR} is only $\sim 5\%$

COSMOS Herschel sources

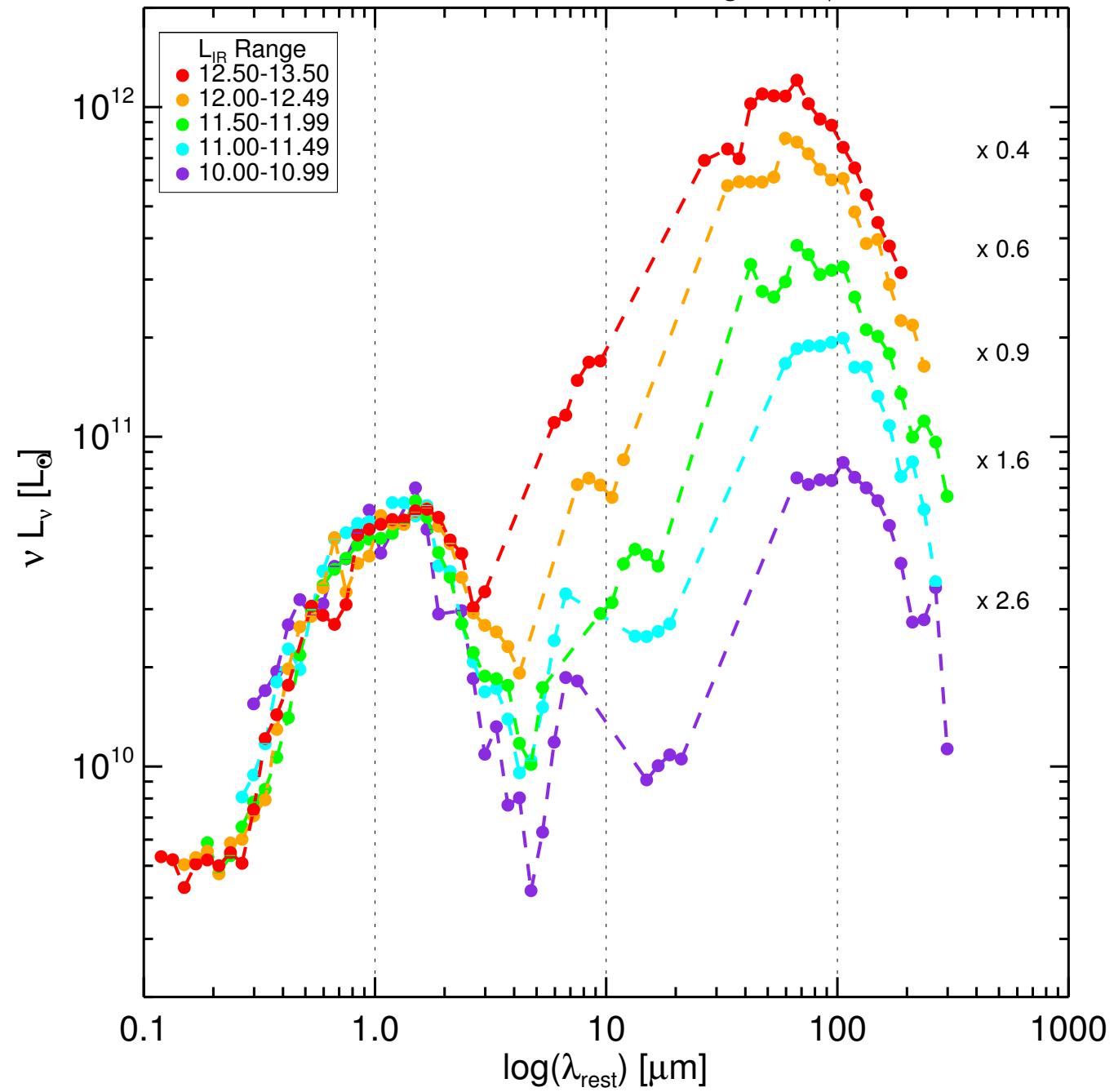


- Galaxies with at least 2 Herschel detections at $>5\sigma$
- Matched all sources to optical catalog via $24\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ and k-band counterparts.
- Total: 4218 sources

Normalization = $\langle L_{IR} \rangle / L_{IR,i}$



Normalization = $(6 \times 10^{10} L_\odot) / (\nu L_\nu @ 1.6 \mu\text{m})$



Summary

- 1. Herschel PACS+SPIRE photometry has been obtained for the complete sample of 203 GOALS objects. Data will be published separately and as part of a multi-wavelength ATLAS.**
- 2. PACS+SPIRE photometry is well fit by a single temperature “cool-dust” mBB.**
- 3. Dust temperature: $\langle T_{\text{dust}} \rangle = 40.4 \text{ K}$ (ULIRGs), 33.2 K (LIRGs)
 $\langle M_{\text{dust}} \rangle = 10^{7.2} M_{\odot}$ (ULIRGs), $10^{7.4} M_{\odot}$ (LIRGs)**
- 4. IR SEDs of high-z (U)LIRGs appear to be well described by the mean and range of SEDs observed in GOALS**