





Herschel Open Time Key Programme Workshop

ESTEC, Noordwijk, 20-21 February 2007

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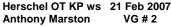






Overview:

- Full information about pointed modes are contained in the "HIFI Observers' Manual v1.0."
- All point observation modes have the following
 - Full frequency range of all available HIFI mixer bands.
 - All available resolutions of the High Resolution Spectrometer (HRS). Note: At high frequencies the highest resolution mode is redundant.
 - Wide band (WBS) and high resolution (HRS) spectrometers can be used in parallel (up to 3 resolutions).
 - Target, LO frequency and position of subbands of the HRS always selectable for all modes.
 - All pointed observations provide dual sideband data only.
- Timing of sequence of observations/pointings for pointed observing modes based on time or noise and required resolution requested by user.
 - Timing based on system stability times for the given band.
 - Time between load calibrations is 1800 secs (500 secs for bands 6 and 7)







HIFI Pointed Observing Modes Available

- Basically a choice of reference (ON OFF) schemes.
- Dual Beam Switch (DBS) uses chopped positions either side of target for reference.
- Position switch uses single position within 2 degrees of the target (no chopper).
- Frequency switch uses neighbouring frequency as a reference (120, 240 MHz frequency throw).
- Load Chop uses internal load for reference.







Dual Beam Switch (DBS)

Purpose:

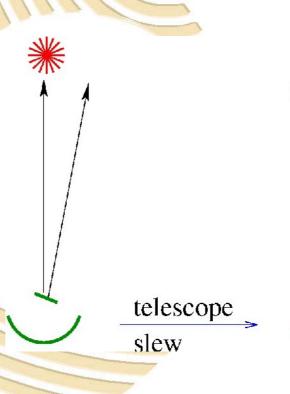
Used for spectral line or continuum measurements of isolated point sources.

Description:

Chopper is used in two positions to look at target plus position offset 3', for a number of chopper cycles

Telescope slew then to place target in second of chopper positions and chopping sequence repeated.

Combination (double difference) allows for removal of standing waves (e.g., due to light path differences) and linear instrumental drifts.











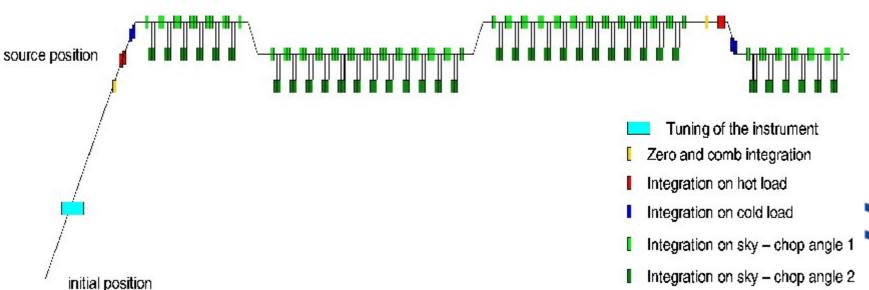
Timeline for DBS Observations

Mode User Options:

User has options for

- Continuum measurements (telescope slews more frequently better standing wave removal).
- Faster chopper switch (necessary for cases where stability— Allan times are < 1 second, e.g. low spectral resolutions).

Telescope:

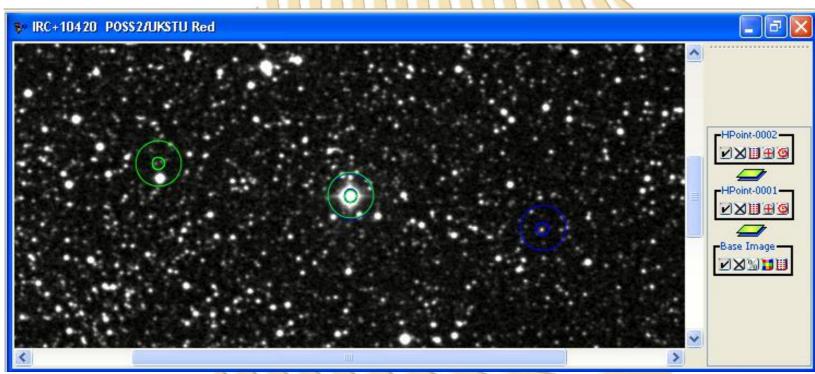


















Position Switch Observations

Purpose:

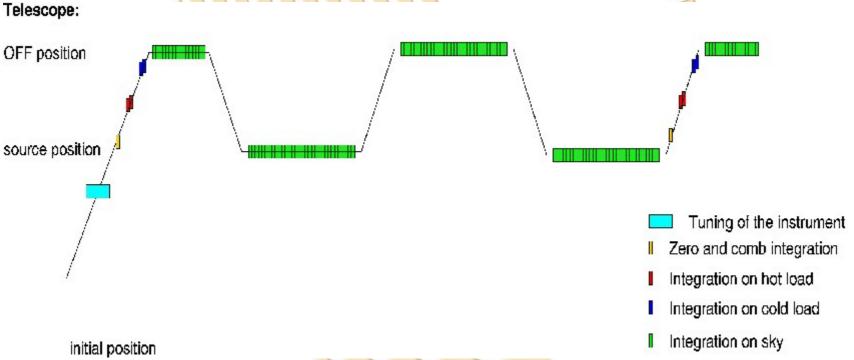
- For spectral line or continuum measurements for objects that are in regions of extended emission (> 3' across).
- Description:
- Instrument integrated on the target with continuous data dumps to the satellite.
- After a period of time, based on the instrument stability, an OFF reference is made at a second telescope position.
- [Calibration is done against internal hot/cold load measurements taken during slews.]
- Mode User Options:
- User MUST choose a reference OFF position either by RA/Dec offset or RA/Dec (2000) position.







Timeline for the Position Switch Observing Mode









Frequency Switch (w/OFF)

• Purpose:

- Efficient mode for emission-line source measurements. No continuum information.
- Description:
- Reference is made between two observations at slightly different LO frequency settings.
 - Requires stability of the gain such that there is little to no difference created by the slight change in LO frequency.
 - Since the LO frequency settings are close together the target source is effectively always in view while on the source.
- Accurate baseline measurements need the use of an OFF reference position, that is viewed at both LO frequencies.
 - OFF measurements are used for baseline calibration and can be smoothed → reduced time on OFF versus ON target.
- Double differencing gives most accurate baselines but at a cost in terms of time.





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Timeline for Frequency Switch Observations

- Mode User Inputs:
 - Frequency throw (120, 240MHz)
 - OFF position



Integration on hot load at v_1

I Integration on cold load at v_1

Zero and comb integration

Tuning of the instrument

I Integration on sky at v,

- Integration on hot load at v_a
- Integration on cold load at v_a
- Integration on sky at v₂



initial position





Load Chop (w/OFF)

- Purpose:
- Spectra of single sources, particularly where no nearby reference OFF position is readily available and short stability times.
- Description:
- Similar to the frequency switch mode except that the cold internal calibration source is viewed instead of a second, nearby, LO frequency.
- Double differencing (by similar data taking on an OFF position) allows for accurate baseline determination at the expense of observing time.
- If spectral line resolution << resolution for standing waves then the OFF position may be omitted.

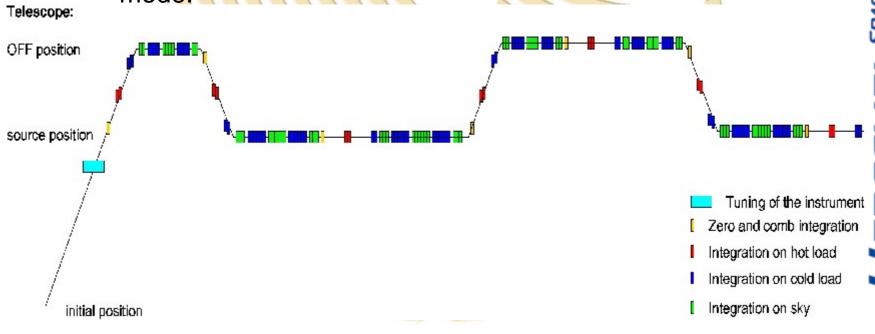






Timeline for Load Chop Observations

- Mode User Inputs:
 - Only an OFF position (if needed) additional information for mode.





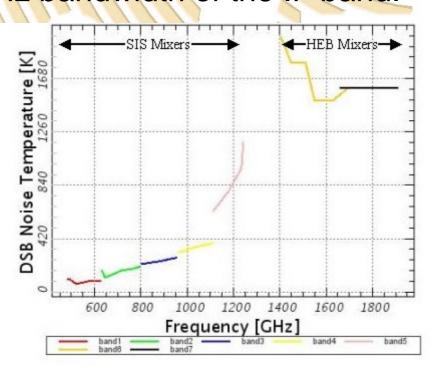
		VI		CHEL
Mode	Best Used For	Notes	Efficiency	Hills
DBS	For point sources, small	Fast chop		
(+ fast chop)	extension	for short		
		stability times		4
DBS	Improved continuum			470/
(cont.	accuracy.			SPACE OBSERV
timing)	111111111111111111111111111111111111111			7 <i>PAC</i> 7 <i>BSI</i>
Frequency	For sources with low	No	()	7
Switch	(narrow) line density +	continuum		Œ
(w/OFF)	no near reference	measures		7
Position	Basic mode – no clear			HERSCHE
switch	nearby reference			2
	source			E
Load Chop	For sources with high	Fall-back wrt	()	I
(w/OFF)	line density or broad	position		
autillius	lines + no near	switch		
esa	reference		Herschel OT KP ws Anthony Marston	21 Feb 2007 VG # 13





Sensitivities

- Given as single polarization, single sideband values in HSpot.
- Noise levels are for best placement within the visible 2.4 or 4GHz bandwidth of the IF band.

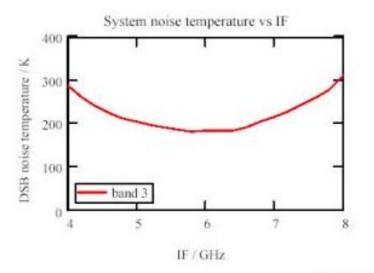


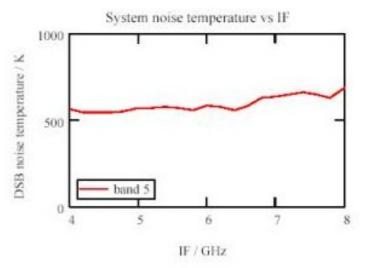


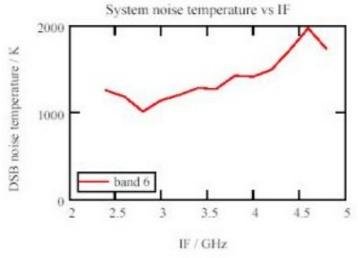




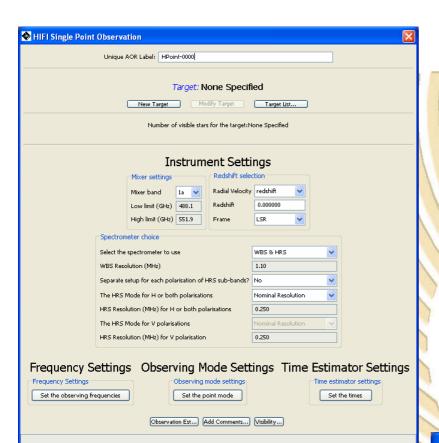










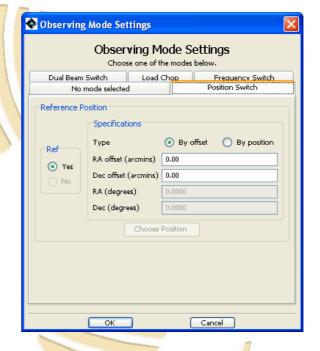


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Help







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Time Estimator Settings							
Estimate Type Time 💌							
Resolution units MHz 🕶							
LOF	Goal resolution minimum	Goal resolution maximum	Time (s)	Noise (K)			
LOF 1	0.480	10,000	3000	0.100			
OK Cancel							



ОК





