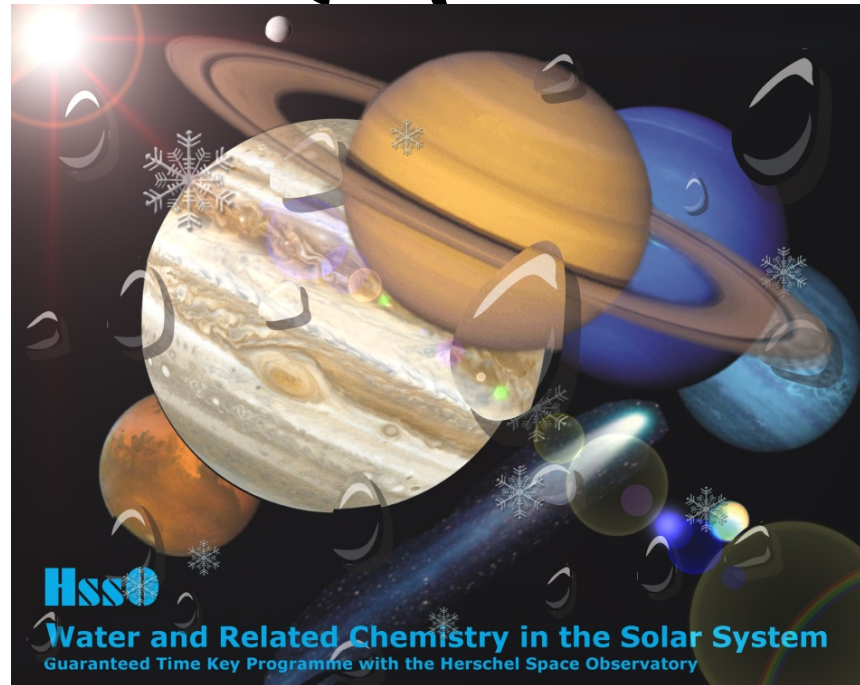


# HIFI Observations of Comet C/ 2008 Q3 (Garradd)



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# Outline

- Some facts on the comet
- HIFI observations
- Data analysis
- Summary

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# C/2008 Q3 Garradd

- Discovered on 27 September 2008 by Gordon Garradd (Siding Spring Survey, SSS) Siding Spring Observatory (149 E, 31 S)





# C/2008 Q3 (Garradd)



- **A long-period comet** ( $P = 190,000$  yr) from the Oort cloud
- **Distance** : perihelion on 23 Jun. 2009 at 1.8 AU  
from Herschel
- **Rather Bright** ( $m_v = \sim 7$  @1.8 AU)
- **Date of observations**: 20 – 27 July 2010 at 1.8 AU (Sun) and 1.9 AU (Herschel)

Credit: JPL  
Wide-field Infrared  
Survey Explorer (WISE)



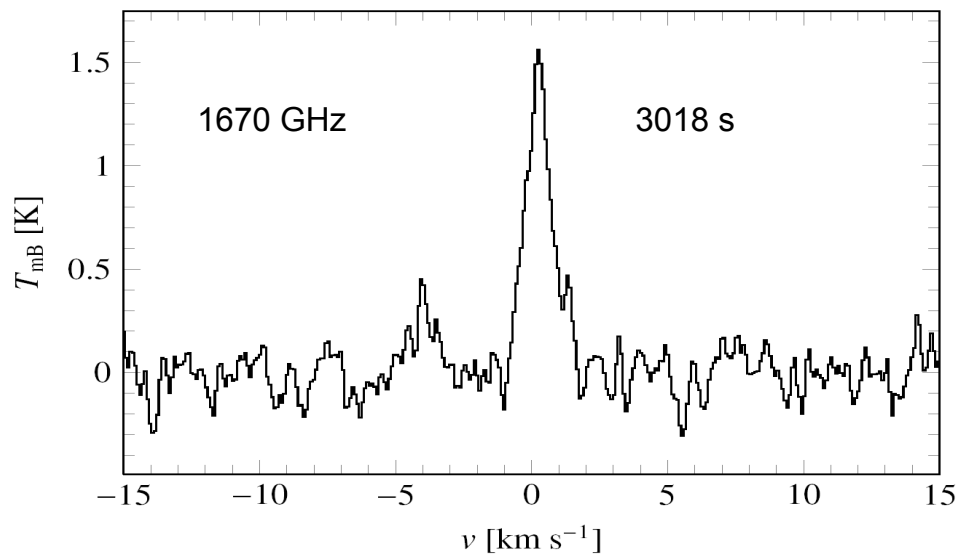
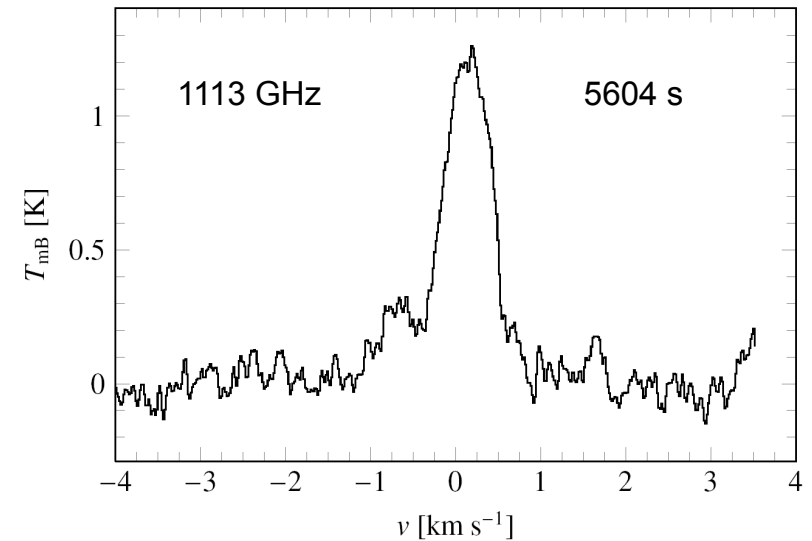
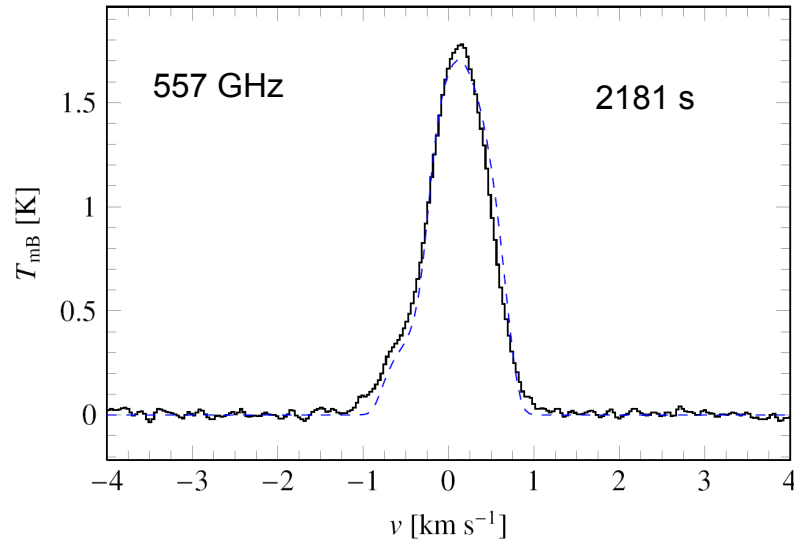
# HIFI observations

- Water lines:
  - 110-101 (ortho)      556.936 GHz      38.1 '' (17000 km)
  - 111-000 (para)      1113.343 GHz      19.2 '' (34000 km)
  - 212-101 (ortho)      1669.9 GHz      12.7 '' (51000 km)
- First detection in a comet (lower 2 lines)
- Better constraints on excitation models
- Frequency Switch: throw = 92 MHz
- Position Switch: off pos. 0.5 deg from comet





# All lines in FSw mode



Band 6: baseline  
removal critical issue.  
Seems not to be caused  
by standing waves only.



# Coma Expansion Velocity

- Self absorption makes the lines asymmetric
- The redshifted side is not opaque. It is used to determine the outgassing velocity.
- It has been determined to be 550 m/s.

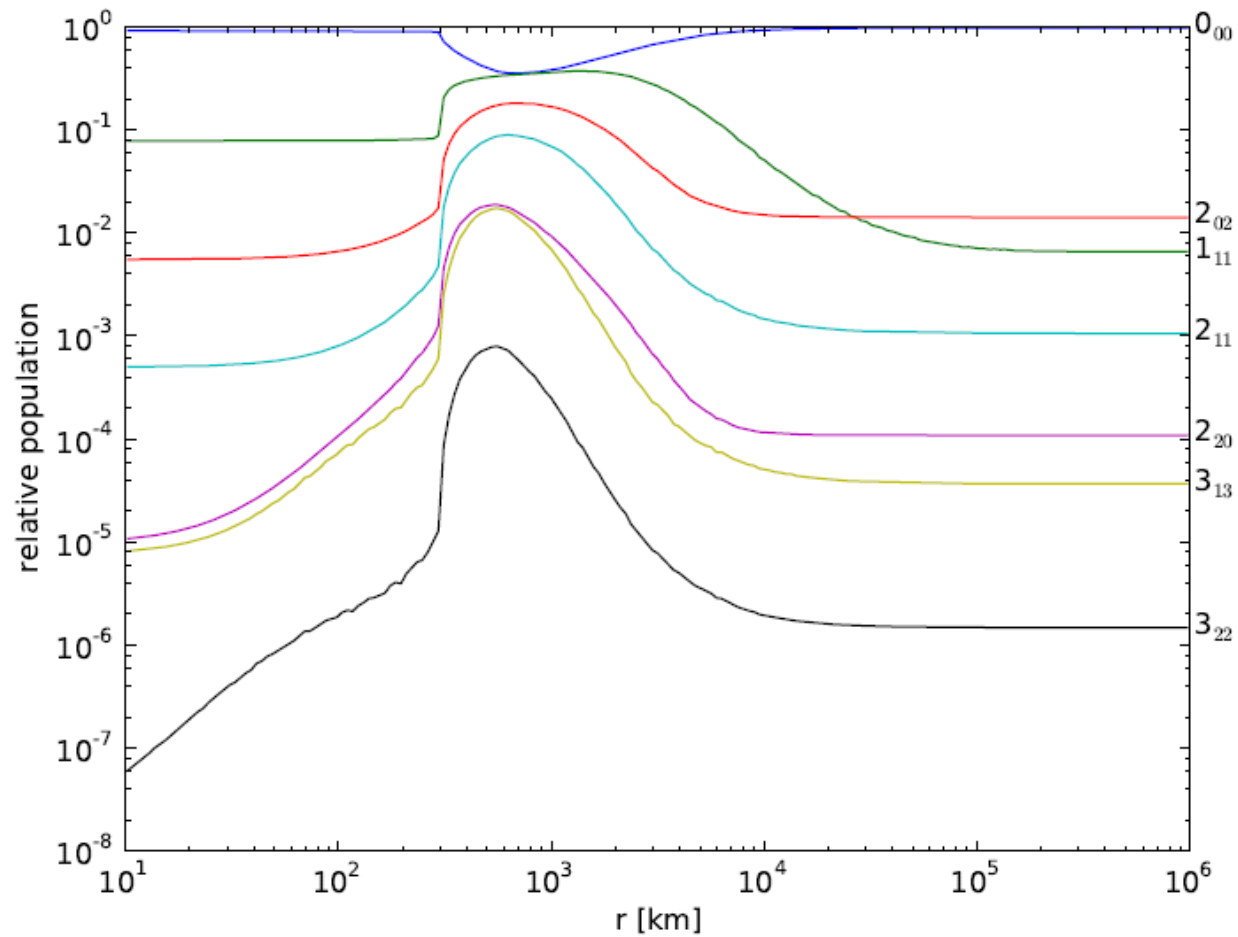




# Line excitation mechanisms

- Water-water collisions dominate in inner coma
- Infrared fluorescence by solar radiation and water electron collisions contribute to the detected emissions from the outer coma

# Level populations of para water





# Modeling the line shape

- Two methods:
  - Accelerated Monte Carlo radiative transfer (Hogerheijde & van der Tak, 2000; Bensch & Bergin 2004)
  - Sobolev escape probability method (Bockeleé-Morvan 1987; Biver 1997).
- Results very similar (within 5 %)

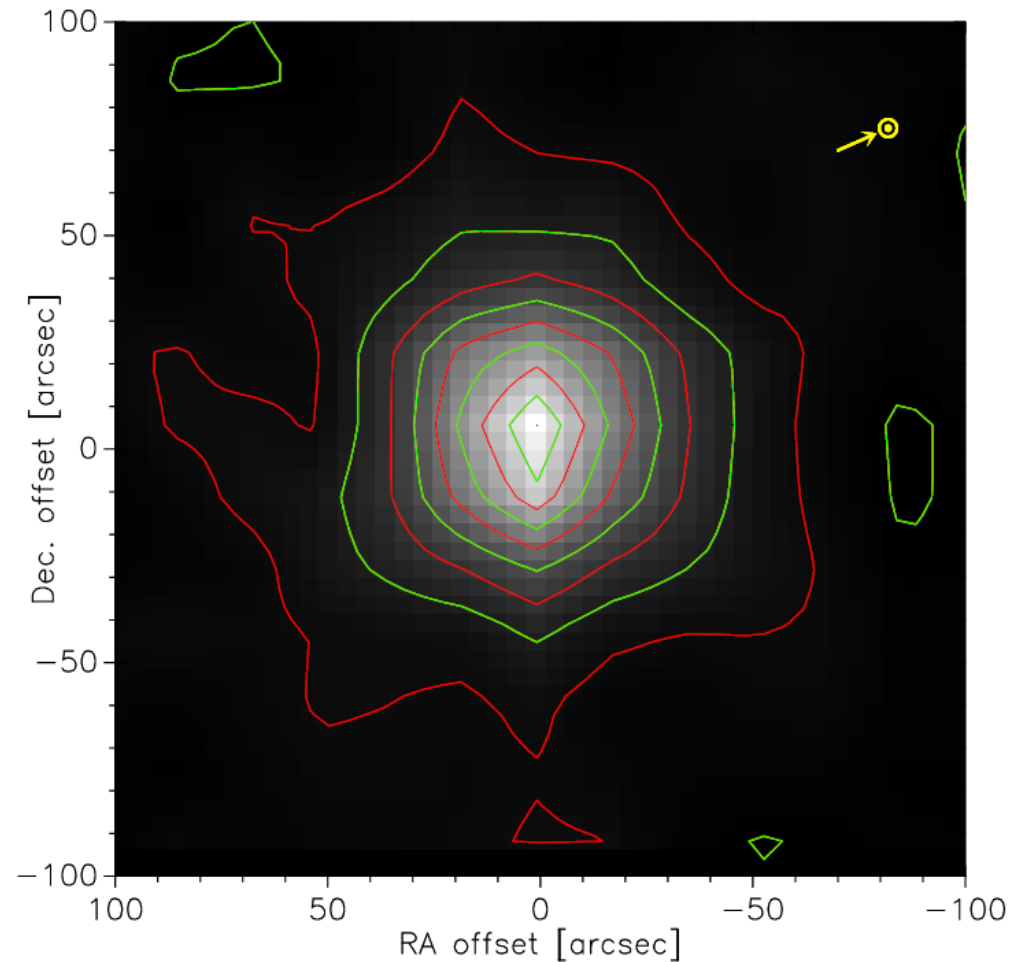


# Model Inputs

- Gas density profile: Haser model
- Expansion velocity and neutral gas kinetic temperature constant in coma
- Ortho-to-para water abundance ratio: 3 (Crovisier et al, 1998).
- Molecular data from LAMDA (Schöier et al. 2005)
- Electron density profile from 1P/Halley according to Biver (1997)
- Electron density profile scaled to C/2008 Q3
- Xne is a free scaling parameter in the model, derived from radial brightness distribution (Biver, 2007)
- MC-code: water-electron collisions from Faure et al. (2004)
- IR pumping rates (solar radiation) from Zakharov et al, (2007)

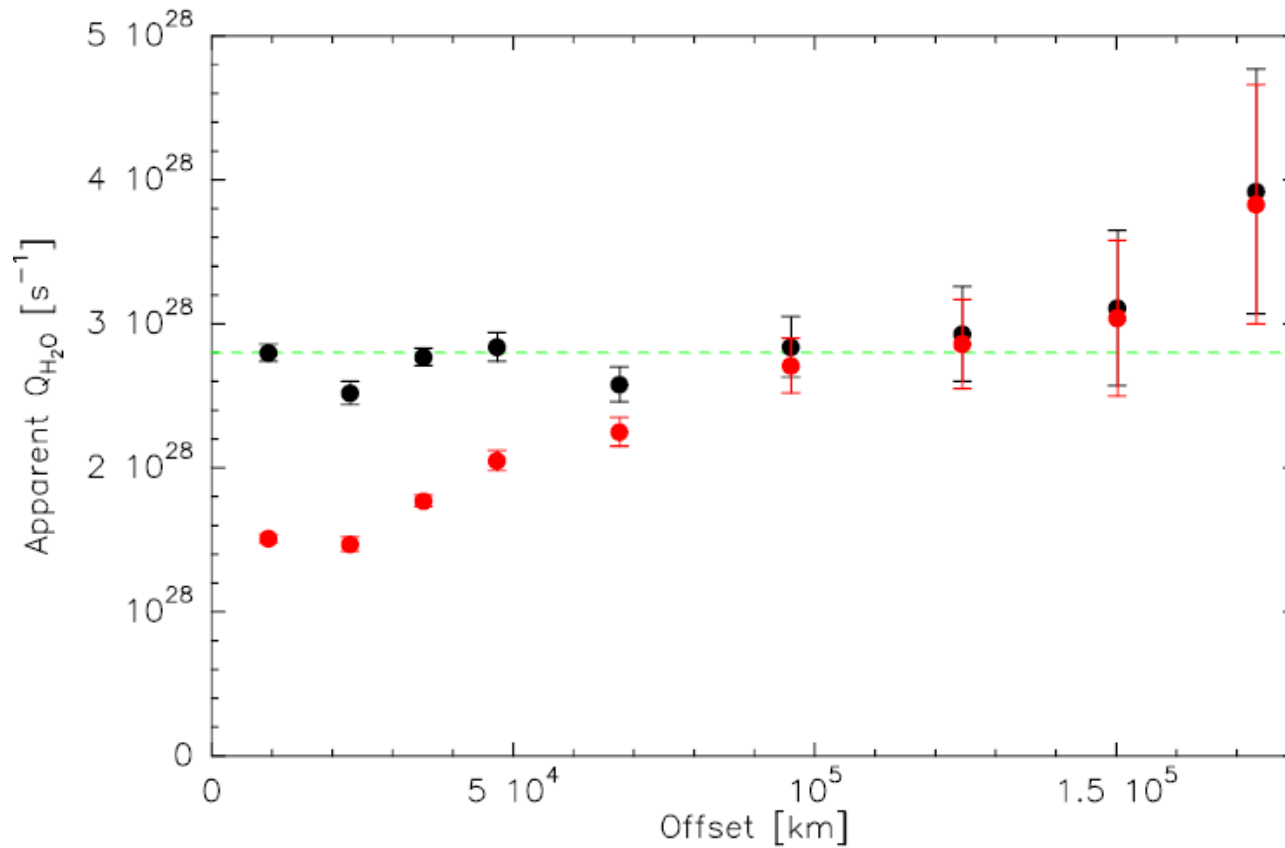


# OTF map of C/2008 Q3 at 557 GHz



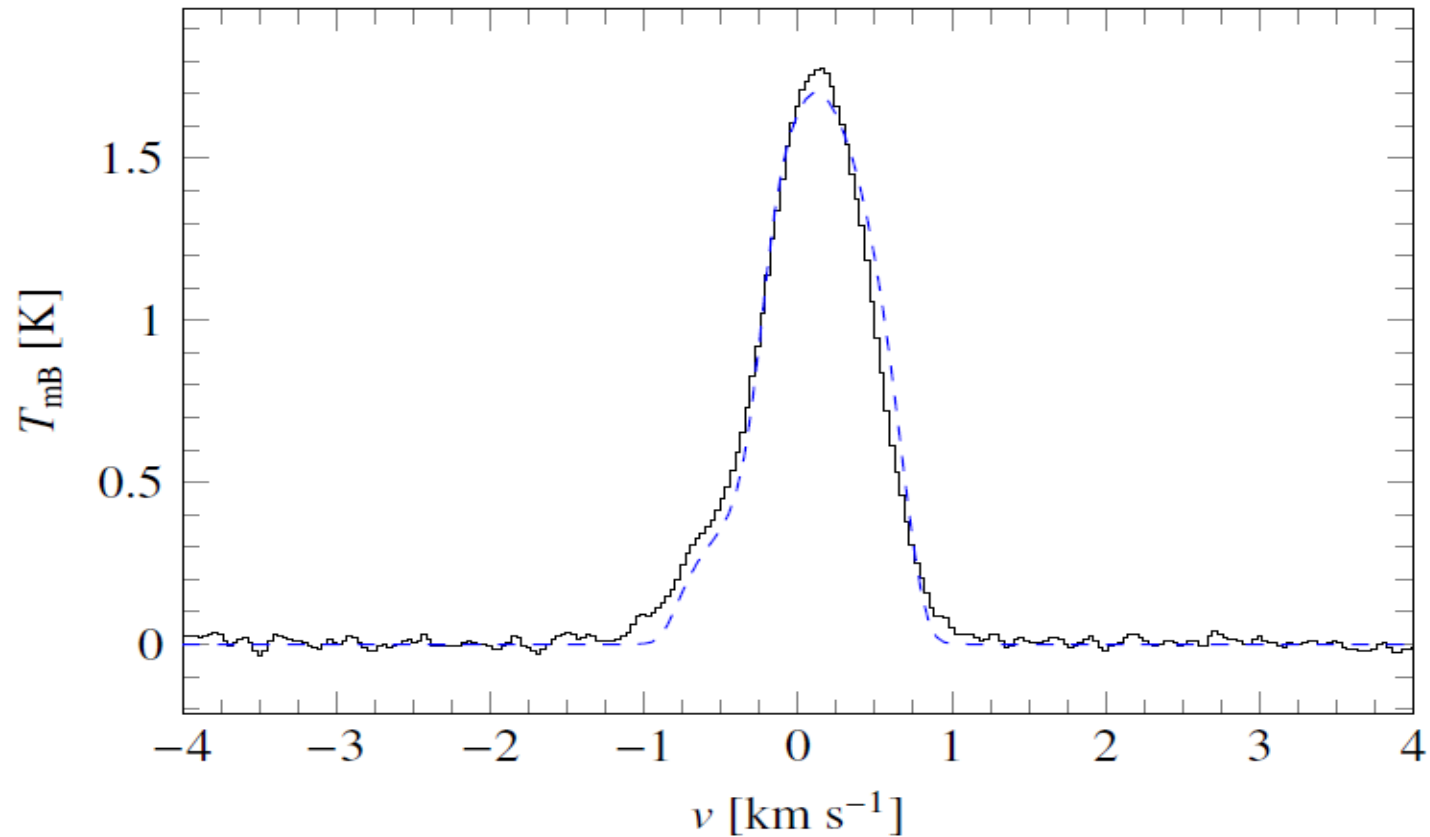
- Contours: 0.2 K km/s from 0 – 1.8 K km/s
- Map width: 300000 km
- Constrain Xne and neutral gas temperature by minimizing radial variation of water production rate at different offset positions

# Water production rate for $X_{\text{ne}} = 0.2$ (black) and 1



Black:  $X_{\text{ne}} = 0.1 - 0.2$ ,  $T = 15 - 25$  K

# Optimal fit of observation from 20 July 2009



Expansion velocity = 550 m/s, X<sub>ne</sub> = 0.2 and T=15 K  
Q[H<sub>2</sub>O] = 2.73 ± 0.01 × 10<sup>28</sup>/s)





## Production rates at 22/27 July 2009

22 July 2009 (1113 GHz) :  $1.8 \pm 0.03 \times 10^{28} / \text{s}$

27 July 2009 (1670 GHz) :  $2.1 \pm 0.30 \times 10^{28} / \text{s}$

27 July 2009 (1113 GHz) :  $1.7 \pm 0.03 \times 10^{28} / \text{s}$



# Summary

HIFI observations of Comet C/2008 on 20-27 July 2009

First detection of the 111-000 and 212-101 rotational transitions in a comet

Derived parameters:

Neutral gas temperature: 15 K

Gas expansion velocity: 0.55 km/s

Water production rates:  $1.7 - 2.8 \times 10^{28}/s$

Decrease of production rates from 20 – 27 July 2009

Hartogh et al. 2010, submitted to A&A

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- <http://www.mps.mpg.de/projects/herschel/HssO/index.htm>
- Hartogh et al, 2009. Planetary and Space Science 57, issue 13, 1596-1606.

